

### **Investor Presentation**

November 2023 | TSX:ERO | NYSE:ERO



## **Cautionary Statements**

### **Caution Regarding Forward Looking Information and Statements**

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation (collectively, "forward-looking statements"). Forward-looking statements include statements that use forward-looking terminology such as "may," "could", "would", "will," "should", "intend", "target", "plain", "expect", "plain", "expect", "plain", "expect", "plain", "intended," "anticipate", "believe", "continue", "potential!", "view" or the negative or grammatical variation thereof or other variations thereof or comparable terminology. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to the Company's guidance and/or outlook on future production, costs and capital expenditures; development plans, costs, timelines and/or approvals for, as well as benefits, production and/or performance expected by, growth projects including development of the Deepening Extension Zone, construction of the new external shaft, and creation of a two-mine system at the Pilar Mine, construction of the Tucumä mine (formerly known as the Bos at the Caraíba Operations, the Xavantina Operations), the Xavantina Operations and the Tucumä Project, including, but not limited to, the potential for reductions in greenhouse gas emissions, the Company's expectations, strategies and plans for the Caraíba Operations, the Xavantina Operations or current and future exploration plans including, but not limited to, planned areas of additional exploration, activities; and the significance and timing of any particular exploration, the Xavantina Operations and the Tucumä Project, tatements with respect to the signing of a definitive earn-in agreement and production activities and the Tucumä Project, the Company's ability to conduct the required she area in agreement and operations, the Furnas Project, the Company's ability to conduct the required amount of exploration and produce the required study within the defined timeframe for each earn-in phase, and any other statements that may predict, indicate o

Forward-looking statements are subject to a variety of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results, actions, events, conditions, performance or achievements to materially differ from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, risks discussed in this presentation and in the Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2022 and dated March 7, 2023 (the "AIF") under the heading "Risk Factors". The risks discussed in this presentation and in the AIF are not exhaustive of the factors that may affect any of the Company's forward-looking statements. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results, actions, events, conditions, performance or achievements to differ from those anticipated, estimated or intended.

Forward-looking statements are not a guarantee of future performance. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Forward-looking statements involve statements about the future events or conditions may differ materially from those reflected in the forward-looking statements due to a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors, including, without limitation, those referred to herein and in the He heading "Risk Factors".

The Company's forward-looking statements are based on the assumptions, beliefs, expectations and opinions of management on the date the statements are made, many of which may be difficult to predict and beyond the Company's coting connection with the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation and in the AIF, the Company has made certain assumptions about, among other things continued effectiveness of the measures taken by the Company has made certain assumptions about, among other things continued effectiveness of the measures taken by the Company's properties and assets; future prices of copper, gold and other metal prices; the timing and results of exploration and drilling programs; the accuracy of any mineral resource estimates; the geology of the Caraíba Operations, the Xavantina Operations and the Tucumā Project being as described in the respective technical report for each property; production costs; the accuracy of budgeted exploration, development and construction costs and expenditures; the price of other commodities such as fuel; future currency exchange rates and interest rates; operating conditions being favourable such that the Company is able to operate in a safe, efficient and effective manner; work force continuing to remain healthy in the face of prevailing epidemics, pandemics or other health risks (including COVID-19), political and regulatory stability; the receipt of governmental, regulatory and third party approvals, licenses and permits on favourable terms; requirements under applicable laws; sustained labour stability; stability in financial and capital goods markets; availability or predictions with local groups and the Company's ability to meet its obligations under its agreements with such groups; and satisfying the terms and conditions of the Company's current loan arrangements. Although the Company heaps assumptions inherent in forward-looking statements are reasonable as of the date of this presentation, these assumptions are subject to significant business, social,

Forward-looking statements contained herein are made as of the date of this presentation and the Company disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or results or otherwise, except as and to the extent required by applicable securities laws.

This presentation may also contain future-oriented financial information ("FOFI") and information which could be considered to be in the nature of a "financial outlook". Such FOFI or financial outlook was approved by management of the Company as of the date of presentation for the purpose of providing management's reasonable estimate of what return investors might expect to earn based on the assumptions set forth in such estimates and the information may not be appropriate for other purposes. Management cautions that such FOFI or financial outlook reflects the Company's current beliefs and are based on information currently available to the Company and on assumptions the Company believes are reasonable. Actual results and developments may differ materially from results and developments discussed in the FOFI or financial outlook as they are subject to a number of significant risks and uncertainties. Certain of these risks and uncertainties are beyond the Company's control. Consequently, all of the FOFI or financial outlook are qualified by these cautionary statements, and there can be no assurances.

### Cautionary Notes Regarding Mineral Resource and Mineral Reserve Estimates

Unless otherwise indicated, all reserve and resource estimates included in this presentation and the documents incorporated by reference herein have been prepared in accordance with National Instrument 43-101, Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101") and the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (the "CIM") — CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, adopted by the CIM Council, as amended (the "CIM") — CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, adopted by the CIM Council, as amended (the "CIM") — CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, adopted by the CIM Council, as amended (the "CIM") — CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Resources and Canadian Standards ("CIM") — CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (the "CIM") — CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Res

Further to recent amendments, mineral property disclosure requirements in the United States (the "U.S. Rules") are governed by subpart 1300 of Regulation S-K of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "U.S. Securities Act") which differ from the CIM Standards. As a foreign private issuer that is eligible to file reports with the SEC pursuant to the multi-jurisdictional disclosure system (the "MIDS"), Ero is not required to provide disclosure on its mineral properties under the U.S. Rules and will continue to provide disclosure under NI 43-101 and the CIM Standards. If Ero ceases to be a foreign private issuer or loses its eligibility to file its annual report on Form 40-F pursuant to the MJDS, then Ero will be subject to the U.S. Rules, which differ from the requirements of NI 43-101 and the CIM Standards.

Pursuant to the new U.S. Rules, the SEC recognizes estimates of "measured mineral resources" and "inferred mineral resources." In addition, the definitions of "proven mineral reserves" and "inferred mineral resources." In addition, the definitions of "proven mineral reserves" and "inferred mineral resources." In addition, the definitions of "proven mineral resources and feasibility to the corresponding standards under NI 43-101. Mineralization described using these terms has a greater amount of uncertainty as to its existence and feasibility or legally mineral resources, or inferred mineral resources, in inferred mineral resources, or inferred

### Disclaimer

#### General

Scientific and technical information contained in this presentation has been reviewed, verified and approved by Mr. Cid Gonçalves Monteiro Filho, SME RM (04317974), MAIG (No. 8444), FAusIMM (No. 3219148) has reviewed and approved the scientific and technical information contained in this presentation. Mr. Monteiro is Resource Manager of the Company and is a "qualified person" within the meanings of NI 43-101.

Scientific and technical information contained in this presentation relating to the Company's mining operations located within the Curaçá Valley, northeastern Bahia State, Brazil (the "Caraíba Operations" and formerly known as the MCSA Mining Complex)), is derived from, and in some instances is a direct extract from, and based on the assumptions, qualifications and procedures set out in, the report prepared in accordance with NI 43-101, Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Reserves of the Caraíba Operations, Curaçá Valley, Bahia, Brazil", dated December 22, 2022 With an effective date of September 30, 2022, prepared by Porfirio Cabaleiro Rodrigues, FAIG, Bernardo Horta de Cerqueira Viana, FAIG, Fábio Valério Câmara Xavier, MAIG and Ednie Rafael Moreira de Carvalho Fernandes, MAIG all of GE21 Consultoria Mineral Ltda. ("GE21"), Dr. Beck Nader, FAIG of BNA Mining Solutions ("BNA") and Alejandro Sepulveda, Registered Member (#0293) (Chilean Mining Commission) of NCL Ingeniería y Construcción SpA ("NCL") (the "Caraíba Operations Technical Report"). Each of Porfirio Cabaleiro Rodrigues, FAIG, Bernardo Horta de Cerqueira Viana, FAIG, Fábio Valério Câmara Xavier, MAIG, Ednie Rafael Moreira de Carvalho Fernandes, MAIG, Dr. Beck Nader, FAIG and Alejandro Sepulveda, Registered Member (#0293) (Chilean Mining Commission) is a "qualified person" and "independent" of the Company within the meanings of NI 43-101.

Scientific and technical information contained in this presentation relating to the Company's mining located approximately 18 km west of the town of Nova Xavantina, southeastern Mato Grosso State, Brazil (the "Xavantina Operations" or its former name, the "NX Gold Mine"), is derived from, and in some instances is a direct extract from, and based on the assumptions, qualifications and procedures set out in, the report prepared in accordance with NI 43-101 and entitled "Technical Report on the Xavantina Operations, Mato Grosso, Brazil", dated May 12, 2023 with an effective date of October 31, 2022, prepared by Porfirio Cabaleiro Rodrigues, FAIG, Leonardo de Moraes Soares, MAIG, and Guilherme Gomides Ferreira, MAIG, all of GE21 (the "Xavantina Operations Technical Report"). Each of Porfirio Cabaleiro Rodrigues, FAIG, Leonardo de Moraes Soares, MAIG, and Guilherme Gomides Ferreira, MAIG, is a "qualified person" and "independent" of the Company within the meanings of NI 43-101.

Scientific and technical information contained in this presentation relating to the Tucumã Project, which is located within southeastern Pará State, Brazil (referred to herein as the "Tucumã Project" or by its former name, the "Boa Esperança Project"), is derived from, and in some instances is a direct extract from, and based on the assumptions, qualifications and procedures set out in, the report prepared in accordance with NI 43-101 and entitled "Boa Esperança Project NI 4.2. 101 Enerson Project Project NI 4.2. 101 Enerson Project Pro

Please see the AIF, the Caraíba Operations Technical Report, the Xavantina Operations Technical Report, and the Tucumã Project Technical Report, each filed on the Company's profile at <a href="https://www.sedarplus.ca/landingpage/">www.sec.gov</a>, for details regarding the data verification undertaken with respect to the scientific and technical information included in this presentation regarding the Caraíba Operations, the Xavantina Operations and the Tucumã Project, for additional details regarding the related exploration information information; interpretations, the OA/OC employed, sample, analytical and testing results and for additional details regarding the mineral resource and mineral resource estimates disclosed Herein.

Where applicable, exploration target projection(s) are shown to demonstrate future area of exploration focus within the Company's operations. These projections are based on data compilation work which includes review of geological controls, structural analysis and copper mineralization identified during the Company's technical programs. The interpretation and boundary limits do not imply continuity of mineralization, or actual thickness of mineralization which has yet to be defined.

#### **Third Party Information**

This presentation includes market, industry and economic data which was obtained from various publicly available sources and other sources believed by the Company to be true. Although the Company believes it to be reliable, the Company has not independently verified any of the data from third party sources referred to in this presentation or analyzed or verified the underlying reports relied upon or referred to by such sources or ascertained the underlying caronomic and other assumptions relied upon by such sources. The Company believes that its market, industry and economic data is accurate and that its estimates and assumptions are reasonable, but thereoe as to the accuracy or completeness of the market, industry and economic data used throughout this presentation are not guaranteed and the Company does not make any representation as to the accuracy or completeness of such information.

#### Non-IFRS Measures

Financial results of the Company are prepared in accordance with IFRS. The Company utilizes certain alternative performance (non-IFRS) measures to monitor its performance, including C1 cash cost of copper produced (per ounce), AISC of gold produced (per ounce), Fealized gold price (per ounce), EBITDA, adjusted net income attributable to owners of the Company, adjusted net income attributable to owners of the Company, adjusted net income attributable to owners of the Company, adjusted net income attributable to owners of the Company, such adjusted net income attributable to owners of the Company, such adjusted net income attributable to owners of the Company, the Caralba Operations and the Tucumã Project. Non-IFRS measures determined in accordance with IFRS, provide investors with an improved ability to evaluate the underlying performance of the Company, the Caralba Operations, the Xavantina Operations and the Tucumã Project. Non-IFRS measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed under IFRS, and therefore they may not be comparable to similar measures employed by other companies. The data is intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. C1 cash cost of copper produced by the Company to manage and evaluate the operating performance of its copper mining segment and is calculated as C1 cash costs divided by total pounds of copper produced during the period. C1 cash cost of copper produced per pound is widely reported in the mining industry as benchmarks for performance but does not have a standardized meaning and is disclosed in supplement to IFRS measures. C1 cash cost of gold produced (per ounce) is an extension of C1 cash cost of gold produced (per ounce) is an extension of C1 cash cost of gold produced (per ounce) is an extension of C1 cash cost of gold produced (per ounce) is an extension of C1 cash cost of gold produced (per ounce) is an extension of C1 cash cost of gold produced

## High-Margin, Growth-Oriented Clean Copper

### **Brazil-Focused Copper Producer**

With Meaningful Gold Production

### **Significant Near-Term Growth**

Doubling Copper Production by 2025

**Attractive Long-Term Growth Pipeline** 

Leveraging Exploration and Development Culture

### **Strong Balance Sheet**

Well-Positioned to Fund Growth

Leading Position in Clean Copper Movement

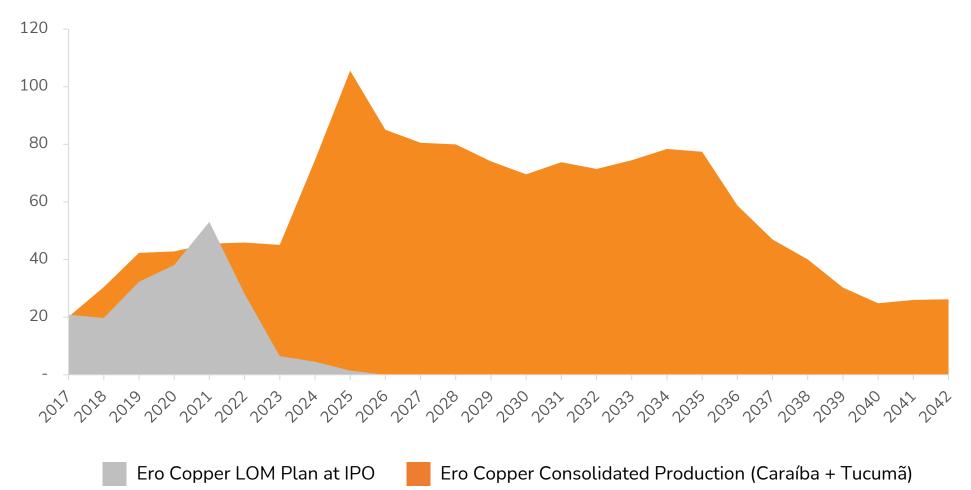
Supported by Brazil's Clean Energy Matrix



## Track Record of Delivering Growth

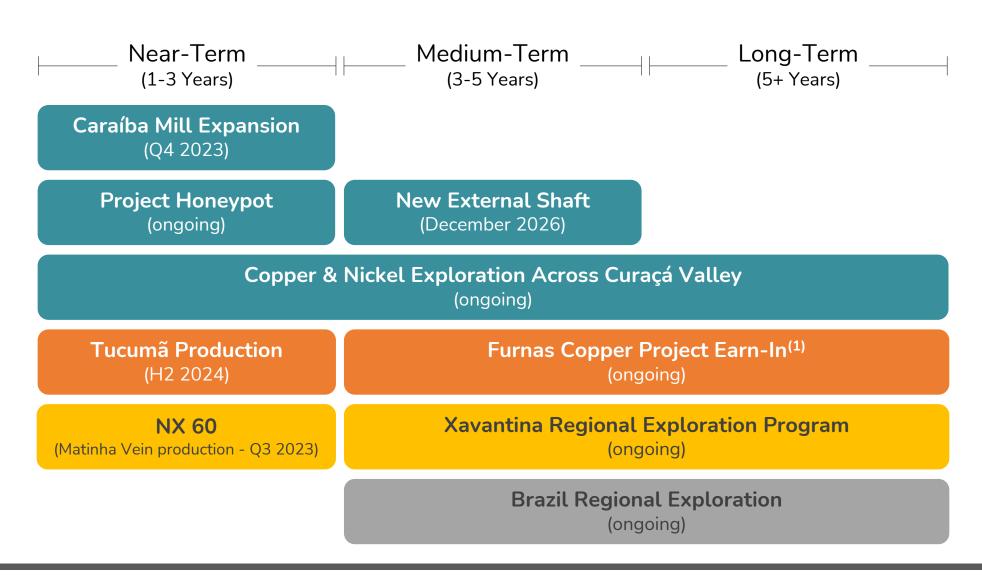
The Company's consolidated mine life now extends to 2042 with production bolstered by the success of Project Honeypot

### Copper Production (000s of tonnes)



## **Growth Strategy Gaining Momentum**

The Company recently expanded its growth portfolio with plans to earn a 60% interest in Vale Base Metals' Furnas Copper Project<sup>(1)</sup>

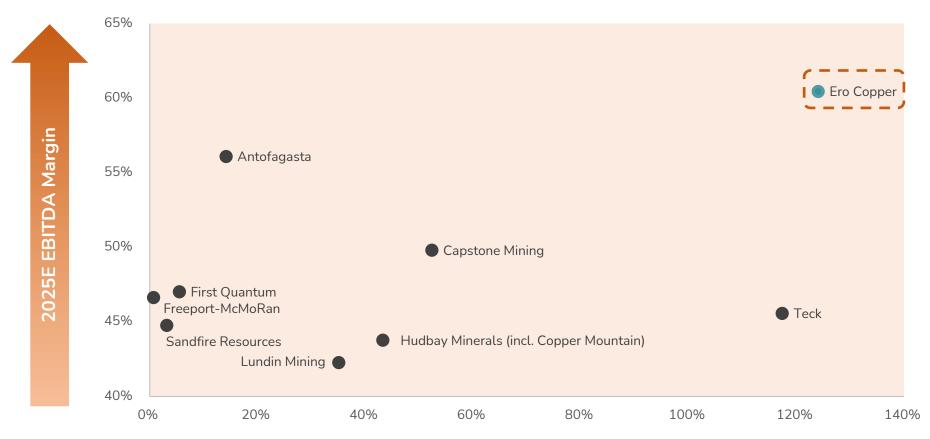


Note: Estimated completion dates included in parentheses based on project timelines as of November 2023.

## Poised for Significant EBITDA Expansion

Ero is well-positioned due to the expected near-term production from Tucumã and its associated EBITDA contribution

### Copper Production Growth & EBITDA Margin



2022A to 2025E Copper Production Growth

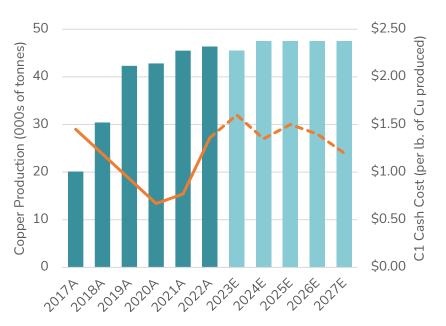
Source: Consensus estimates from FactSet as of November 15, 2023.

## Caraíba: High-Margin Flagship Copper Operation

### **Asset Overview**

- High-grade, low-cost copper operation
  - Located in Bahia State 90 km SE of Petrolina
  - Fully integrated mining and processing complex with 40+ year operating history
  - Two underground mines: Pilar and Vermelhos
  - One open pit mine: Surubim
- Current mine life of 20 years

### Production and Cost Profile(1)





### **Growth Catalysts**

- Pilar 3.0
  - Creation of a two-mine system at the Pilar Mine
  - Expected to drive significant growth in total ore production
- Project Honeypot
  - Initiative to recover high-grade stopes in the upper levels of the Pilar Mine left behind by previous operators
  - Drove significant increases to mineral reserves & resources and mine life in late 2022
- Exploration / Plant Capacity
  - Significant investment in copper and nickel exploration
  - Additional excess plant capacity of 1.3Mtpa, equivalent to an incremental ~18kt of annual copper production potential<sup>(2)</sup>
- 1. Production and cash cost estimates based on midpoint of updated 2023 guidance provided in November 2023 using a 5.00 FX rate; 2024+ estimates based on midpoint of guidance ranges for 2027-2027 included in the Company's presentation dated April 5, 2023.
- 2. Based on original plant capacity of approximately 5.5Mtpa and assuming 2023 guidance copper grade of 1.50% and recovery rate of 91.5%.

## Caraíba: Pilar Deepening External Shaft Update

### Investing in the Future of Pilar

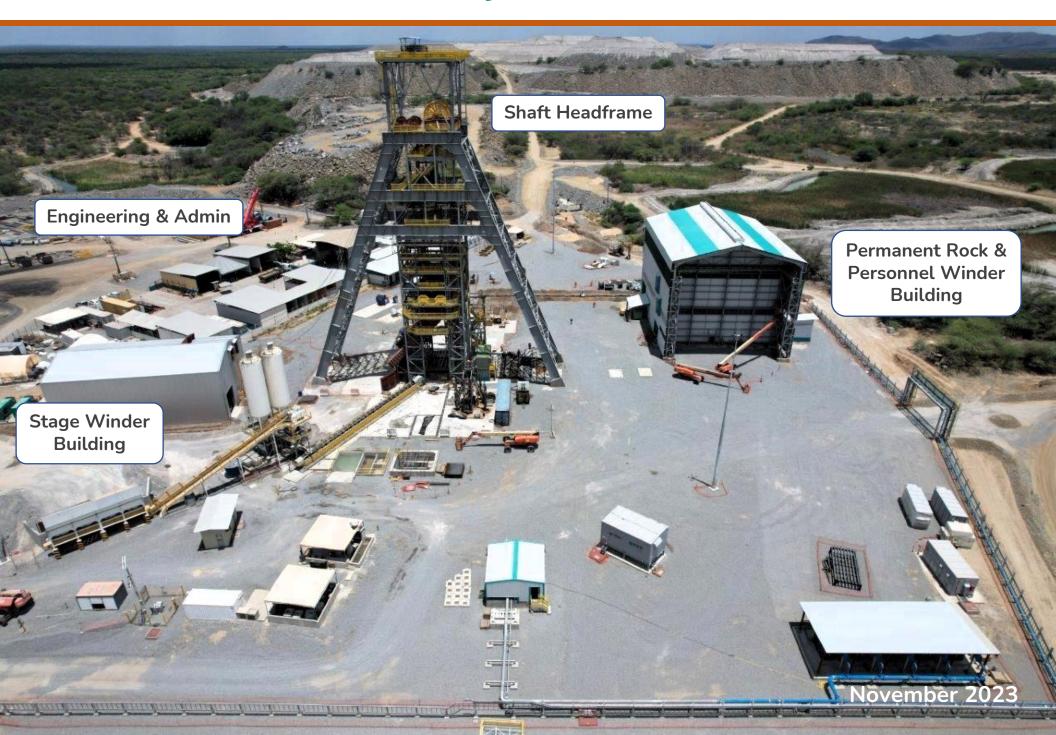
- Expected to be operational Q4 2026
- 40-meter pre-sink phase of shaft development completed in Q2 2023
- Headframe erection, stage winder installation and several key underground infrastructure installations completed during Q3 2023
- Main shaft sinking expected to commence prior to year-end
- Detailed engineering ~90% complete
- Total project completion at ~30%
- Approximately 80% of capital is secured or in final negotiation - within 5% of budget

### **Completed Headframe**



Note: Estimated timelines and completion percentages are as of September 30, 2023. Image of headframe from November 2023.

## New External Shaft Project Site



## Tucumã: High-Return Copper Development Project

### **Asset Overview**

- Low capital-intensity open pit copper project with attractive operating margins
  - Located in Pará State, ~40 km SW of Tucumã
  - First production forecast in H2 2024
- Significant growth potential
  - Cornerstone position in western Carajás
  - Robust exploration program

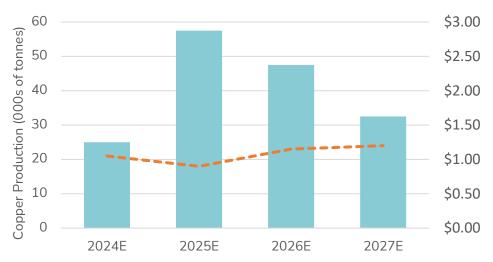
### **Strong Construction Progress**

- ~70% physical completion at end of Q3 2023
- Budget remains unchanged at approximately \$305 million (within 4% of Feasibility Study estimate)

Expect to produce nearly 20 kt of additional copper<sup>(1)</sup> from 2024 to 2027 following positive grade reconciliation from recent infill drilling



### Production and Cost Profile(2)



- 1. Based on the difference in cumulative production from 2024 to 2027 between (a) the midpoint of guidance included in the Company's presentation dated April 5, 2023 and (b) the Tucumã Project Technical Report.
- 2. Production and cash cost estimates based on midpoint of guidance included in the Company's presentation dated April 5, 2023.

## Tucumã Aerial View



## Tucumã Process Plant Construction



# Tucuma Mine Pre-Stripping

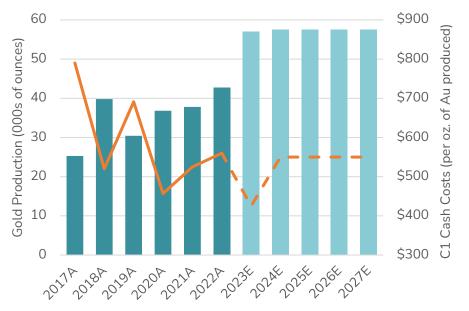


## Xavantina: High-Grade, Low-Cost Gold Operation

### **Asset Overview**

- High-grade, high-margin underground gold mine and processing facility
  - Located in Mato Grosso State, approximately 18km NW of Nova Xavantina
  - Amongst the highest-grade gold mines in South America
- Current mine life of 6 years (increased from no mine life upon acquisition in 2016)

### Production and Cost Profile(1)





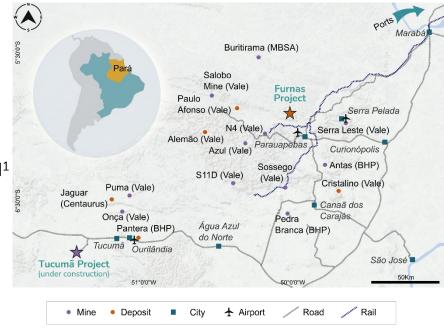
### **Growth Catalysts**

- NX 60
  - Initiative to achieve annual gold production of 60koz
  - Horizontal development into Matinha Vein completed in Q2 2023; first production achieved in Q3 2023
- Exploration / Plant Capacity
  - Testing extensions of known veins and targeting new vein discoveries with regional exploration program
  - ~25% of excess mill capacity, equivalent to ~21koz of annual gold production potential<sup>(2)</sup>
- 1. Production and cash cost estimates based on midpoint of updated 2023 guidance provided in November 2023 using a 5.00 FX rate; 2024+ estimates based on midpoint of guidance ranges for 2027-2027 included in the Company's presentation dated April 5, 2023.
- 2. Based on total plant capacity of approx. 300ktpa less peak projected capacity utilization of 230kt in 2024 and 2025; assumes 2023 guidance gold grade of 10.00gpt and recovery rate of 92.0%.

## Furnas: Large, Highly Prospective IOCG Project

# Binding Term Sheet with Vale Base Metals (VBM) for a 60% interest in Furnas

- The Furnas Copper project is located in the Carajás Mineral Province (Pará, Brazil), ~50 km southeast of VBM's
   Salobo operations and ~190 km northeast of the Tucumã Project
- Covering an area of ~2,400 hectares, Furnas sits within ~15 km of extensive regional infrastructure, including paved roads, an industrial-scale cement plant, a power substation and Vale's railroad loadout facility
- To earn a 60% interest in Furnas, Ero will fund three phases of work (defined below) over a 5-year earn-in period<sup>1</sup>
- Ero will grant VBM a free-carry on certain capital expenditures related to project development:
  - Initial 11% free-carry, funding 71% of the first \$1.0 billion
  - If applicable, a subsequent 5.5% free-carry, funding 65.5% of the next \$1.0 billion
  - If applicable, both parties will fund their pro rata share of capex beyond \$2.0 billion



Three Phases

18 Months
Minimum 28,000 m of
exploration drilling
+ scoping study

18 Months
Minimum 17,000 m of exploration drilling
+ pre-feasibility study

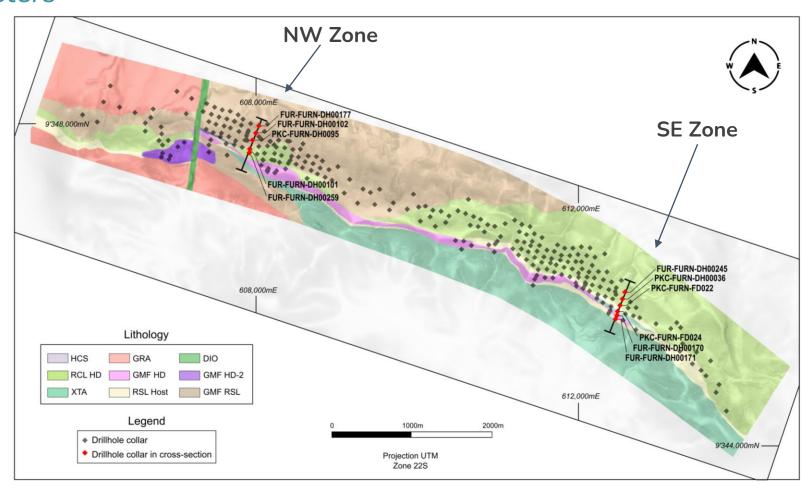
24 Months

Minimum 45,000<sup>2</sup> m of exploration drilling + definitive feasibility study

- The 5-year earn-in period will start once we negotiate and execute the definitive earn-in agreement
- 2. Unless otherwise mutually agreed

## Furnas: Geology and Plan Map

Exploration and development efforts will focus on two discrete high-grade zones identified within the overall mineralized body, known as the SE and NW Zones, that extend over a combined strike length of ~5 kilometers



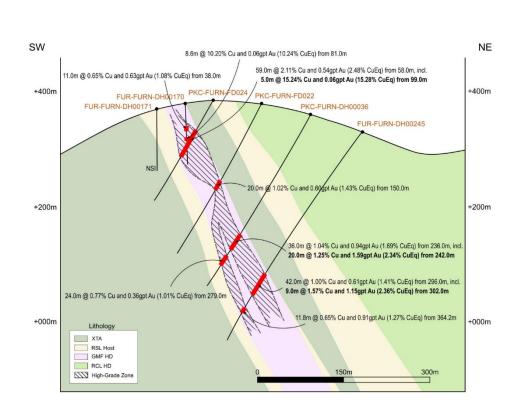
### Furnas: NW & SE Zone Cross Sections

Known high-grade mineralization ranges between ~20 to 60 meters in thickness and has been drilled to a vertical depth from surface of ~300 meters

### **NW Zone Cross-Section**

#### NE SW 19.6m @ 0.68% Cu and 1.20qpt Au (1.51% CuEq) from 95.0m, incl. 7.0m @ 0.84% Cu and 2.10gpt Au (2.28% CuEq) from 103.0m 51.1m @ 0.95% Cu and 0.60gpt Au (1.36% CuEq) from 108.2m, incl. 27.3m @ 1.32% Cu and 0.89gpt Au (1.93% CuEq) from 128.9m UR-FURN-DH00259 +400m +400m PKC-FURN-DH00095 FUR-FURN-DH00102 JRN-DH00177 +200m +200m 15.0m @ 0.96% Cu and 0.11gpt Au (1.04% CuEg) from 182.0m, incl. 5.0m @ 2/10% Cu and 0.20gpt Au (2.24% CuEq) from 189.0m 32.0m @ 1.22% Cu and 0.64gpy Au (1.67% CuEq) from 293.5m, incl. 40.0m @ 0.55% Cu and 0.64gpt Au (0.99% CuEq) from 258.0m 14.0m @ 1.98% Cu and 0,68gpt Au (2.45% CuEq) from 297.4m +000m +000m Lithology RSL Host HCS 54.9m @ 0.88% Cu and 0.63gpt Au (1.28% CuEq) from 381.1m, incl. GMF RSL 12,9m @ 1.28% Cu and 0.63gpt Au (1.72% CuEq) from 381.1m GRA 150m 300m High-Grade Zone -200m

### **SE Zone Cross-Section**



Please refer to the press release dated October 30, 2023 for additional details.

## Caraíba: Emerging Nickel Sulphide District

# District scale potential close to existing infrastructure

- ~20km from the Caraíba processing plant
- Textures range from disseminated (<10% sulphides) to massive (60-80% sulphides) containing up to 7.09% Ni (7.61% NiEq¹)</li>
- Mineralization outcrops at surface and has been traced to a depth of ~450 meters
- Mineralization remains open to depth, between zones and to north
- Initial metallurgical testwork demonstrates excellent rougher recoveries ranging from 77% to 91% across a range of grind sizes
- Majority of nickel contained within sulphide minerals – amenable to conventional flotation process

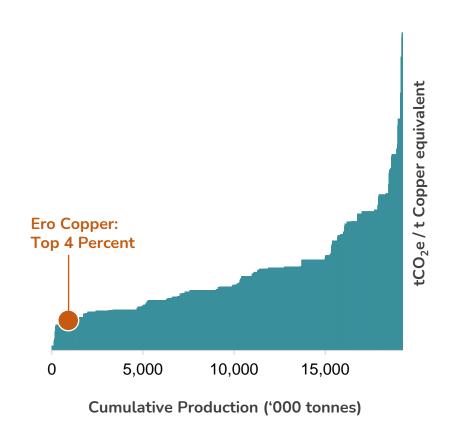
 $<sup>\</sup>sim$ 5km 1000m Undifferentiated Nickel in soils above 90 percentile Gneiss 1 mafic or ultramafic Mapped Ultramafic Copper in soils above 90 percentile ★★ Overturned synform Shear zone geophysical lineament

<sup>1.</sup> NiEq = Ni + (Cu x \$3.50/\$9.80) + (Co x \$25.50/\$9.80). No adjustment for metallurgical recoveries has been made when calculating NiEq.

## Leading the Clean Copper Movement

Brazil's global leadership in the use of renewable energy affords Ero a unique competitive advantage as being one of the world's cleanest copper producers

**GHG Copper Intensity Curve<sup>1</sup> - 2022** 



**ESG Ratings** 



"A" ranking with performance in top 26% of subindustry

Steady improvement in rating over the past 2 years

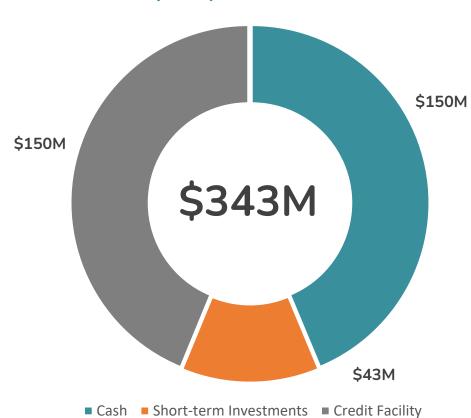


Rank in the top 10% of Diversified Metals & Mining subindustry

### Balance Sheet Well-Positioned to Fund Growth

Strong balance sheet reinforced by expansion of foreign exchange hedge program to cover a significant portion of operating costs and capital expenditures through the end of 2024

### **Pro Forma Liquidity Position**



### Pro Forma Liquidity & Credit Metrics (\$M)

Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$150
Short-Term Investments	\$43
Credit Facility Utilization	
Total Commitments	\$150
(-) Current Borrowings	-
Credit Facility Availability	\$150
Total Liquidity	\$343
Total Debt	\$423
Net Debt	\$230
LTM EBITDA	\$186
Total Debt Leverage Ratio	2.3x
Net Debt Leverage Ratio	1.2x

Note: Pro forma liquidity and leverage metrics based on September 30, 2023 balance sheet, adjusted for net proceeds of approximately \$105M from November 2023 equity financing. Figures may not sum due to rounding.

## **Business Summary**

- 1 High-Margin, Brazil-Focused Copper Producer
- 2 Significant Near-Term Production Growth
- 3 Attractive Long-Term Growth Pipeline
- 4 Strong Balance Sheet Well-Positioned to Fund Growth
- **5** Leading Position in Clean Copper Movement

# Appendix

## 2023 Guidance

	Caraíba	Tucumã	Xavantina
Production	<b>44 - 47</b> kt Cu	Construction Phase	<b>55 - 59</b> koz Au
Operating Costs	<b>\$1.50 - \$1.70</b> / lb	Construction Phase	<b>\$375 - \$475</b> / oz Au C1 Cash Cost
Operating Costs	Cu C1 Cash Cost	Construction Phase	<b>\$900 - \$1,000</b> / oz Au All-In Sustaining Cost
Capital Expenditures (Excluding Exploration)	\$170 - \$195 M	\$175 - \$191 M	<b>\$17 - \$20</b> M
Exploration	<b>\$23 - \$29</b> M	<b>\$0 - \$1</b> M	<b>\$7 - \$8</b> M

Note: Cash cost, AISC and capex guidance assume a USD:BRL foreign exchange rate of 5.00. Cost guidance assumes gold and silver prices averaging approximately \$1,725 per ounce and \$20.00 per ounce, respectively, over the projection period. Above table excludes corporate-level exploration project guidance of \$5 to \$7 million.

## Strong Track Record of Project Execution

The Company has a track record of executing on growth projects across its operations

### Caraíba Operations

4 Caraíba projects represent over US\$100M in successful execution

### **Vermelhos Mine Construction**

Completed on time and on budget

### 15MW Pilar Cooling Installation

- Completed on time and on budget
- ✓ Achieve temperatures below 27°C in mine

### Caraíba HIG Mill Installation

- ✓ Completed on time and on budget
- ✓ 5%-6% mill recovery improvement

### **Surubim Underground Mine Construction**

✓ Completed on time and on budget

### **Xavantina Operations**

### Santo Antônio Development

✓ Completed on time and on budget

### **Paste Fill Plant**

- ✓ Completed on time and on budget
- Enables transition to higher recovery cut and fill mining method

### Matinha Development

Completed on time and on budget

## Caraíba: Project Honeypot

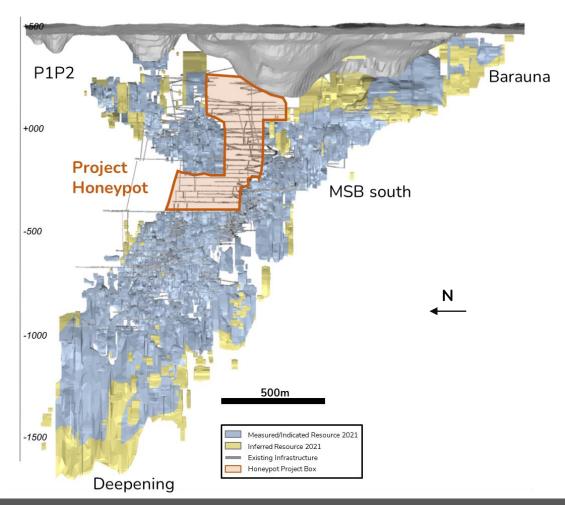
Success of Project Honeypot demonstrated by addition of 8.1 Mt of ore grading 1.59% copper<sup>1</sup>

### **Project Honeypot Overview**

- Focused on recovery of high-grade material left behind by previous operators
- Conservative dilution (32%) and recovery assumptions applied in Honeypot stope designs
- Supported by recent upgrades to paste fill plant
- Driver of 2022 copper grade outperformance (1.76% actual vs. 1.60% guidance grade)

Significantly enhances operating flexibility

### Pilar Mine, Long-Section View (looking east)

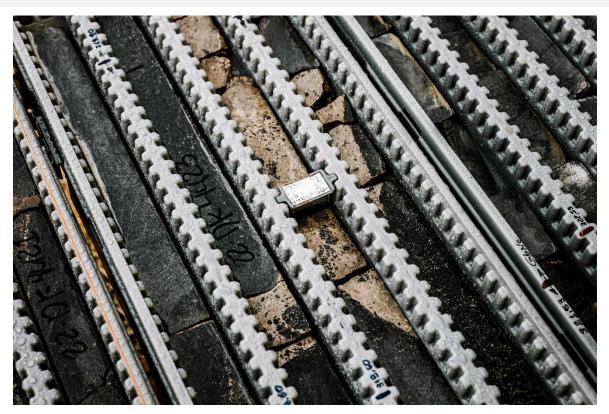


## Caraíba: Nickel Sulphide Discovery

### **Select Drill Highlights**

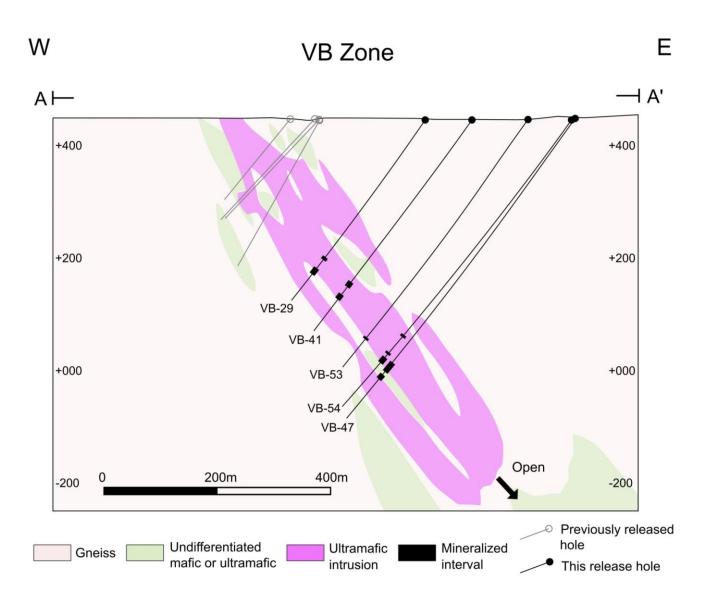
- **VB Zone -** VB-17: 16.5 meters at 1.22% Ni, 0.17% Cu and 0.03% Co (1.37% NiEq), including 3.8 meters at 3.60% Ni, 0.22% Cu and 0.09% Co (3.92% NiEq)
  - Interval includes 1.5 meters of massive-sulphide textures (~80% sulphides) grading 6.59% Ni, 0.26% Cu and 0.17% Co (7.11% NiEq)
- LZ Zone LZ-03: 24.1 meters at 0.81% Ni, 0.18% Cu and 0.04% Co (0.97% NiEq), including 13.0 meters at 1.11% Ni, 0.25% Cu and 0.05% Co (1.33% NiEq)





Note: Please refer to the presentation dated September 29, 2022 for additional details. Above figures depict drill core from the deepest intercept to date in the VB Zone (hole VB-25 at  $\sim$ 319 meters) highlighting loop textured pentlandite (left) and high-grade massive sulphide intervals within the zone (right). NiEq = Ni + (Cu x \$3.50/\$9.80) + (Co x \$25.50/\$9.80). No adjustment for metallurgical recoveries has been made when calculating NiEq.

## **VB Zone: East-West Composite Section**



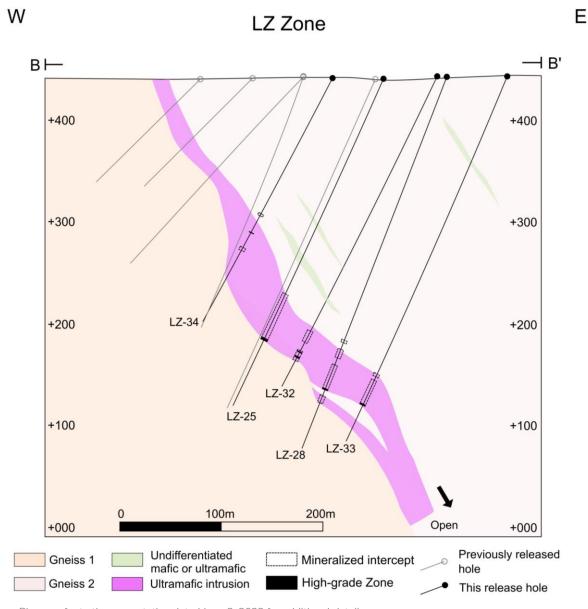
### **Highlight Intercepts**

- VB-41: 11.2 meters at 1.86% Ni, 0.26% Cu and 0.05% Co (2.08% NiEq), including 5.0 meters at 3.71% Ni, 0.13% Cu and 0.09% Co (4.00% NiEq)
  - Interval includes 1.9
    meters of massivesulphide textures grading
    7.09% Ni, 0.18% Cu and
    0.18% Co (7.61% NiEq)
- VB-47: 20.7 meters at 0.39%
   Ni, 0.15% Cu, 0.01% Co
   (0.47% NiEq), including 8.1
   meters at 0.56% Ni, 0.11%
   Cu, 0.01% Co (0.63% NiEq)

<sup>1.</sup> Please refer to the presentation dated June 8, 2023 for additional details.

<sup>2.</sup> NiEq = Ni + (Cu x 3.50/9.80) + (Co x 2.5.50/9.80). No adjustment for metallurgical recoveries has been made when calculating NiEq.

## LZ Zone: East-West Composite Section



### **Highlight Intercepts**

- LZ-25: 46.1 meters at 0.20% Ni, 0.04% Cu and 0.03% Co (0.28% NiEq), including 2.6 meters at 0.75% Ni, 0.18% Cu and 0.06% Co (0.96% NiEq)
- LZ-32: 11.3 meters at 0.43% Ni, 0.10% Cu and 0.02% Co (0.51% NiEq), including 7.0 meters at 0.61% Ni, 0.14% Cu and 0.03% Co (0.73% NiEq)

<sup>1.</sup> Please refer to the presentation dated June 8, 2023 for additional details.

<sup>2.</sup> NiEq = Ni + (Cu x \$3.50/\$9.80) + (Co x \$25.50/\$9.80). No adjustment for metallurgical recoveries has been made when calculating NiEq.

## Caraíba Operations Reserves & Resources

	Tonnes (kt)	Grade (Cu %)	Contained Cu (kt)
Project Honeypot Areas, Pilar Mine			
Proven Reserves	2,595	1.66	43.1
Probable Reserves	5,551	1.56	86.6
Proven & Probable Reserves	8,146	1.59	129.7
Measured Resources	3,229	1.86	60.0
Indicated Resources	6,459	1.88	121.3
Measured & Indicated Resources	9,687	1.87	181.3
Inferred Resources	896	1.07	9.6
Total Pilar Mine, Including Project Honeypot Areas			
Proven Reserves	15,092	1.26	190.3
Probable Reserves	19,870	1.56	309.4
Proven & Probable Reserves	34,962	1.43	499.7
Measured Resources	29,806	1.38	412.4
Indicated Resources	23,947	1.73	413.3
Measured & Indicated Resources	53,753	1.54	825.8
Inferred Resources	16,993	1.42	241.3

Note: Mineral resources shown inclusive of mineral reserves. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. Please refer to Additional Information section of this presentation for relevant technical and scientific information.

## Caraíba Operations Reserves & Resources

	Tonnes (kt)	Grade (Cu %)	Contained Cu (kt)
Underground Caraíba Operations			
Proven Reserves	17,336	1.30	225.6
Probable Reserves	22,125	1.51	333.1
Proven & Probable Reserves	39,461	1.42	558.7
Measured Resources	34,224	1.44	493.2
Indicated Resources	35,389	1.48	524.8
Measured & Indicated Resources	69,613	1.46	1,018.0
Inferred Resources	35,888	1.15	411.4
Open Pit Caraíba Operations			
Proven Reserves	19,148	0.55	105.5
Probable Reserves	24,158	0.53	128.4
Proven & Probable Reserves	43,306	0.54	233.9
Measured Resources	20,803	0.62	128.7
Indicated Resources	27,486	0.56	154.1
Measured & Indicated Resources	48,289	0.59	282.8
Inferred Resources	11,513	0.62	71.4
Total Caraíba Operations			
Proven Reserves	36,484	0.91	331.1
Probable Reserves	46,283	1.00	461.5
Proven & Probable Reserves	82,767	0.96	792.6
Measured Resources	55,027	1.13	621.9
Indicated Resources	62,875	1.08	678.9
Measured & Indicated Resources	117,901	1.10	1,300.8
Inferred Resources	47,400	1.02	482.8

## Xavantina Operations Reserves & Resources

	Tonnes (kt)	Grade (gpt Au)	Contained Au (koz)
Reserves			_
Proven, Santo Antônio Vein	301	10.89	105.4
Probable, Santo Antônio Vein	799	8.32	213.6
Probable, Matinha Vein	213	6.24	42.6
Total Proven and Probable Reserves	1,313	8.57	361.6
Indicated Resources (Inclusive of Reserves)			
Measured, Santo Antônio Vein	246	13.35	105.8
Indicated, Santo Antônio Vein	826	10.41	276.5
Indicated, Matinha Vein	186	8.92	53.3
Indicated, Brás & Buracão Veins	7	3.36	0.7
Total Indicated Resources	1,265	10.73	436.4
Inferred Resources			
Inferred, Santo Antônio Vein	77	9.29	23.0
Inferred, Matinha Vein	207	11.03	73.5
Inferred, Brás Vein	149	4.81	23.1
Inferred, Buração Vein	8	2.77	0.7
Total Inferred Resources	441	8.48	120.2

Note: Mineral resources shown inclusive of mineral reserves. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. Please refer to Additional Information section of this presentation for relevant technical and scientific information.

## Tucumã Project Reserves & Resources

	Tonnes (kt)	Grade (Cu %)	Contained Cu (kt)
Reserves			
Proven Reserves	30,674	0.89	273.2
Probable Reserves	12,378	0.67	83.4
Proven & Probable Reserves	43,052	0.83	356.6
Mineral Resources (Pit Constrained, Incl. Reserves)			
Measured Resources (High-Grade)	7,117	2.16	153.6
Indicated Resources (High-Grade)	1,661	2.27	37.6
Measured & Indicated Resources (High-Grade)	8,778	2.18	191.3
Measured Resources (Low-Grade)	25,476	0.60	152.0
Indicated Resources (Low-Grade)	13,433	0.51	68.4
Measured & Indicated Resources (Low-Grade)	38,909	0.57	220.4
Total Measured & Indicated Resources	47,687	0.86	411.7
Inferred Resources			
Inferred (Pit Constrained, High-Grade)	40	2.69	1.1
Inferred (Pit Constrained, Low-Grade)	514	0.49	2.5
Inferred (Pit Constrained)	555	0.65	3.6
Inferred (Unconstrained High-Grade Outside Pit Limits)	1,354	2.24	30.4
Inferred (Unconstrained Low-Grade Outside Pit Limits)	9,681	0.60	58.2
Inferred (Unconstrained Mineralization Outside Pit Limits)	11,035	0.80	88.6
Total Inferred Resources	11,590	0.80	92.2

Note: Mineral reserves and resources as outlined in the Tucumã Project Technical Report. Mineral resources shown inclusive of mineral reserves. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. Please refer to Additional Information section of this presentation for relevant technical and scientific information.

### Additional Information

#### Caraíba Operations Mineral Reserves Notes:

- 1. Effective Date of September 30, 2022.
- 2. Mineral reserves included within stated mineral resources. All figures have been rounded to reflect the relative accuracy of the estimates. Summed amounts may not add due to rounding.
- 3. The mineral reserve estimates are prepared in accordance with the CIM Definition Standards for mineral resources and mineral reserves, adopted by the CIM Council on May 10, 2014 (the "CIM Standards"), and the CIM Estimation of mineral resources and mineral reserves Best Practice Guidelines, using geostatistical and/or classical methods, plus economic and mining parameters appropriate for the deposit. Mineral reserves are based on a long-term copper price of US\$3.30 per pound ("lb"), and a USD:BRL foreign exchange rate of 5.29. Mineral reserves are the economic portion of the measured and indicated mineral resources. Mining dilution and recovery factors vary for specific reserve sources and are influenced by factors such as deposit type, deposit shape, stope orientation and selected mining method.
- 4. In the mine design of the Pilar and Vermelhos underground mines, certain stopes include measured and indicated as well as inferred resource blocks. In these instances, inferred resource blocks within the defined mining shape were assigned zero grade. In 2021, inferred blocks assigned zero grade totaled approximately 188,000 tonnes for the Deepening Extension Zone, 234,000 tonnes for the Pilar Underground Mine and approximately 27,000 tonnes for the Vermelhos Underground Mine. Development occurring within marginal ore, above the operational cut-off grade, has also been included in the mineral reserve estimate. Dilution occurring from measured and indicated resource blocks was assigned grade based upon the mineral resource grade of the blocks included in the dilution envelope.

#### Caraíba Operations Mineral Resources Notes:

- 1. Effective Date of September 30, 2022.
- 2. Mineral resources have been constrained within newly developed 3D lithology models applying a 0.45% and 0.20% copper grade envelope for high and marginal grade, respectively. Within these envelopes, mineral resources for underground deposits are constrained using varying stope dimensions of up to 20m by 10m by 35m applying a 0.51% copper cut-off grade, as well as a 0.32% copper marginal cut-off grade for underground deposits.
- 3. Underground mineral resource estimates have been constrained within newly developed 3D lithology models applying a 0.45% and 0.20% copper grade envelope for high and marginal grade, respectively. Within these envelopes, mineral resources for underground deposits were constrained using varying stope dimensions of up to 20m by 10m by 35m applying a 0.51% copper cut-off grade, as well as a 0.34% copper marginal (or operational) cut-off grade. Mineral resources have been estimated using ordinary kriging inside 5m by 5m by 5m block sizes. The mineral resource estimates were prepared in accordance with the CIM Standards, and the CIM Guidelines, using geostatistical and/or classical methods, plus economic and mining parameters appropriate to the deposit.
- 4. Open pit mineral resources have been constrained within newly developed 3D lithology models using a 0.16% copper cut-off grade for deposits. Mineral resources have been estimated using ordinary kriging inside 5m by 5m by 5m block sizes. The mineral resource estimates were prepared in accordance with the CIM Standards, and the CIM Guidelines, using geostatistical and/or classical methods, plus economic and mining parameters appropriate to the deposit.

#### **Xavantina Operations Mineral Reserves Notes:**

- 1. Effective Date of October 31, 2022.
- 2. Mineral reserves included within stated mineral resources. All figures have been rounded to the relative accuracy of the estimates. Summed amounts may not add due to rounding.
- 3. The mineral reserve estimates are prepared in accordance with the CIM Standards and the CIM Guidelines, using geostatistical and/or classical methods, plus economic and mining parameters appropriate for the deposit. Mineral reserves are the economic portion of the measured and indicated mineral resources. Mineral reserve estimates include operational dilution of 17.4% plus planned dilution of approximately 8.5% within each stope for room-and-pillar mining areas and operational dilution of 3.2% plus planned dilution of 21.2% for cut-and-fill mining areas. Mining recovery of 92.5% and 94.7% assumed for room-and-pillar and cut-and-fill areas, respectively. Practical mining shapes (wireframes) were designed using geological wireframes / mineral resource block models as a guide.

#### **Xavantina Operations Mineral Resources Notes:**

- 1. Effective Date of October 31, 2022.
- 2. Presented mineral resources inclusive of mineral reserves. Indicated mineral resource totals are undiluted. All figures have been rounded to the relative accuracy of the estimates. Summed amounts may not add due to rounding.
- 3. Mineral resources are estimated using ordinary kriging within 10 meter by 10 meter by 2 meter block size, with a minimum sub-block size of 1.0 meter by 1.0 meter by 0.5 meter.
- 4. Mineral resource are constrained using a minimum stope dimension of 2.0 meters by 2.0 meters by 1.5 meters, a cut-off of 1.20 gpt based on underground mining and processing costs of US\$72 per tonne and a gold price of US\$1,900 per ounce.
- 5. The mineral resource estimates are prepared in accordance with the CIM Standards and the CIM Guidelines, using geostatistical and/or classical methods, plus economic and mining parameters appropriate for the deposit.

## Additional Information (cont.)

#### **Tucumã Project Mineral Reserves Notes:**

- 1. Effective Date of August 31, 2021.
- 2. Stated mineral resources are inclusive of mineral reserves. All figures have been rounded to the relative accuracy of the estimates. Summed amounts may not add due to rounding. High-grade and low-grade mineral resources defined as greater than or equal to 1.00% copper and less than 1.00% copper, respectively.
- 3. A 3D geologic model was developed for the Tucumã Project. Geologically constrained copper grade shells are developed using a copper cut-off grade of 0.20% and 0.51% for pit constrained and unconstrained mineral resources, respectively, to generate a 3D mineralization model of the Tucumã Project. Within grade shells, mineral resources are estimated using ordinary kriging within a 2.0 meter by 2.0 meter by 4.0 meter block size. Open pit constrained, unconstrained and marginal cut-off grades are based upon a copper price of US\$6,400 per tonne with cost parameters appropriate to the deposit. The mineral resource estimates are prepared in accordance with the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum ("CIM") Definition Standards for Mineral Resources and Mineral Resources and Mineral Resources Best Practice Guidelines, adopted by CIM Council on November 29, 2019 (the 'CIM Guidelines"), using geostatistical and/or classical methods, plus economic and mining parameters appropriate to the deposit.
- 4. Mineral reserve estimates are prepared in accordance with the CIM Standards and the CIM Guidelines, using geostatistical and/or classical methods, plus economic and mining parameters appropriate for the deposit. Mineral reserves are based on a long-term copper price of US\$6,613 per tonne; concentrate grade of 27% copper; average metallurgical recoveries of 91.3%; copper concentrate logistics costs of US\$108.20 per wet metric tonne ("wmt"); transport losses of 0.2%; copper concentrate treatment charges of US\$59.50 per dry metric tonne ("dmt"), refining charges of U\$0.0595 per pound of copper; copper payability of 96.3%; average mining cost of US\$2.47 per tonne mined; processing cost of US\$7.74 per tonne processed and G&A costs of US\$3.83 per tonne processed; average pit slope angles that range from 30° for saprolite to 50° for fresh rock and a 2% CFEM government royalty.
- 5. Mineral reserves are classified according to the CIM Standards and the CIM Guidelines by Mr. Carlos Guzman, RM CMC (0119) and FAusIMM (229036), an employee of NCL Ingenieria y Construcion SpA ("NCL") and an independent qualified person as such term is defined under NI 43-101. NCL is independent of the Company. Please refer to the Tucumã Project Technical Report for additional technical information.

#### Tucumã Project Mineral Resources Notes:

- 1. Effective Date of August 31, 2021.
- 2. Presented Mineral Resources inclusive of Mineral Reserves. Summed amounts may not add due to rounding. High-grade and low-grade mineral resources defined as greater than or equal to 1.00% copper and less than 1.00% copper, respectively.
- 3. A 3D geologic model was developed for the Project. Geologically constrained grade shells were developed using various copper cut-off grades to generate a 3D mineralization model of the Project. Within the grade shells, mineral resources were estimated using ordinary kriging within a 2.0 meter by 2.0 meter by 4.0 meter block size. Within the optimized resource open pit limits, a cut-off grade of 0.20% copper was applied based upon a copper price of US\$6,400 per tonne, net smelter return ("NSR") of 94.53%, average metallurgical recoveries of 90.7%, mining recovery of 95.0%, dilution of 5.0%, mining costs of US\$3.10 per tonne mined run of mine ("ROM"), processing and transportation costs of US\$5.65 per tonne ROM, and G&A costs of US\$2.66 per tonne ROM. Unconstrained inferred mineral resources have been stated at a cut-off grade of 0.51% copper with a marginal cut-off grade of 0.32% copper based upon a copper price of US\$6,400 per tonne, NSR of 94.53%, mining recovery of 100%, average metallurgical recoveries of 90.7%, mining costs of US\$14.71 per tonne ROM, processing and transportation costs of US\$5.70 per tonne ROM, and G&A costs of US\$2.60 per tonne ROM.
- 4. Block model tonnage and grade estimates for the Project were classified according to the CIM Standards and the CIM Guidelines by Mr. Emerson Ricardo Re, RM CMC (0138) and MAusIMM (CP) (305892), an employee of the Company on the date of the report (now of HCM Consultoria Geologica Eireli) and a qualified person as such term is defined under NI 43-101. Please refer to the Tucumã Project Technical Report for additional technical information.



Suite 1050, 625 Howe Street, Vancouver, BC, V6C 2T6 www.erocopper.com

### **Investor Inquiries:**

Courtney Lynn, SVP, Corp. Development, Investor Relations & Sustainability +1.604.335.7504 info@erocopper.com