

Investor Presentation

January 2024 | TSX:ERO | NYSE:ERO



Cautionary Statements

Caution Regarding Forward Looking Information and Statements

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation (collectively, "forward-looking statements"). Forward-looking statements include statements that use forward-looking terminology such as "may," "could", "would", "will," "should", "intend", "target", "plain", "expect", "streaments include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to the Company's guidance and/or outlook on future production, costs and capital expenditures; development plans, costs, timelines and/or approvals for, as well as benefits, production and/or performance expected by, growth projects including development of the Deepening Extension Zone, construction of the new external shaft, and creation of a two-mine system at the Pilar Mine, construction of the Tucumä mine (formerly known as the Bos at the Caraíba Operations, the Xavantina Operations) and the Tucumä Project, including, but not limited to, the potential for reductions in greenhouse gas emissions, the Company's expectations, strategies and plans for the Caraíba Operations, the Xavantina Operations or current and future exploration plans including, but not limited to, planned areas of additional exploration, the Company's expectations and expansion of mineralization at the Caraíba Operations, the Xavantina Operations and the Tucumä Project, statements with respect to the signing of a definitive earn-in agreement by Ero and Vale Base Metals, Ero's ability to conduct the required amount of exploration and produce the required study within the defined timeframe for each earn-in phase, and any other statements that may predict, including its ability to conduct the required amount of exploration and produce the required study within the defined timeframe for each earn-in phase, and any other statements that may predict, including to mineralization

Forward-looking statements are subject to a variety of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results, actions, events, conditions, performance or achievements to materially differ from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, risks discussed in this presentation and in the Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2022 and dated March 7, 2023 (the "AIF") under the heading "Risk Factors". The risks discussed in this presentation and in the AIF are not exhaustive of the factors that may affect any of the Company's forward-looking statements. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results, actions, events, conditions, performance or achievements to differ from those anticipated, estimated or intended.

Forward-looking statements are not a guarantee of future performance. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Forward-looking statements involve statements about the future and are inherently uncertain, and the Company's actual results, achievements or other future events or conditions may differ materially from those reflected in the forward-looking statements due to a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors, including, without limitation, those referred to herein and in the AlF under the heading "Risk Factors".

The Company's forward-looking statements are based on the assumptions, beliefs, expectations and opinions of management on the date the statements are made, many of which may be difficult to predict and beyond the Company's control. In connection with the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation and in the AIF, the Company has made certain assumptions about, among other things: continued effectiveness of the measures taken by the Company to mitigate the possible impact of COVID-19 on its workforce and operations; favourable equity and debt capital markets; the ability to raise any necessary additional capital on reasonable terms to advance the production, development and exploration of the Company's properties and assets; future prices of copper, gold and other metal prices; the timing and results of exploration and drilling programs; the accuracy of any mineral reserve and mineral resource estimates; the geology of the Caraíba Operations, the Xavantina Operations and the Tucumā Project being as described in the respective technical report for each property; production costs; the accuracy of budgeted exploration, development and construction costs and expenditures; the price of other commodities such as fuel; future currency exchange rates and interest rates; operating conditions being favourable such that the Company is able to operate in a safe, efficient and effective manner; work force continuing to remain healthy in the face of prevailing epidemics, pandemics or other health risks (including COVID-19), political and regulatory stability; the receipt of governmental, regulatory and third party approvals, licenses and permits on favourable terms; requirements under applicable laws; sustained labour stability; stability in financial and capital goods markets; availability or equirements with local groups and the Company's ability to meet its obligations under its agreements with such groups; and satisfying the terms and conditions of the Company's current loan arrangements. Although the Compa

Forward-looking statements contained herein are made as of the date of this presentation and the Company disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or results or otherwise, except as and to the extent required by applicable securities laws.

This presentation may also contain future-oriented financial information ("FOFI") and information which could be considered to be in the nature of a "financial outlook". Such FOFI or financial outlook was approved by management of the Company as of the date of presentation for the purpose of providing management's reasonable estimate of what return investors might expect to earn based on the assumptions set forth in such estimates and the information may not be appropriate for other purposes. Management cautions that such FOFI or financial outlook reflects the Company's current beliefs and are based on information currently available to the Company and on assumptions the Company believes are reasonable. Actual results and developments may differ materially from results and developments discussed in the FOFI or financial outlook as they are subject to a number of significant risks and uncertainties. Certain of these risks and uncertainties are beyond the Company's control. Consequently, all of the FOFI or financial outlook are qualified by these cautionary statements, and there can be no assurances.

Cautionary Notes Regarding Mineral Resource and Mineral Reserve Estimates

Unless otherwise indicated, all reserve and resource estimates included in this presentation and the documents incorporated by reference herein have been prepared in accordance with National Instrument 43-101, Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101") and the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (the "CIM") — CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, adopted by the CIM Council, as amended (the "CIM") — CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, adopted by the CIM Council, as amended (the "CIM") — CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, adopted by the CIM Council, as amended (the "CIM") — CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Reserves, adopted by the Canadian Standards ("CIM") — CIM Definition Standar

Further to recent amendments, mineral property disclosure requirements in the United States (the "U.S. Rules") are governed by subpart 1300 of Regulation S-K of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "U.S. Securities Act") which differ from the CIM Standards. As a foreign private issuer that is eligible to file reports with the SEC pursuant to the multi-jurisdictional disclosure system (the "MJDS"), Ero is not required to provide disclosure on its mineral properties under the U.S. Rules and will continue to provide disclosure under NI 43-101 and the CIM Standards. If Ero ceases to be a foreign private issuer or loses its eligibility to file its annual report on Form 40-F pursuant to the MJDS, then Ero will be subject to the U.S. Rules, which differ from the requirements of NI 43-101 and the CIM Standards.

Pursuant to the new U.S. Rules, the SEC recognizes estimates of "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources" and "inferred mineral resources." In addition, the definitions of "proven mineral reserves" and "probable mineral reserves" under the U.S. Rules are now "substantially similar" to the corresponding standards under NI 43-101. Mineralization described using these terms has a greater amount of uncertainty as to its existence and feasibility economically using these terms has a greater amount of uncertainty as to its existence and feasibility economically. U.S. investors are cautioned not to assume that any measured mineral resources, or inferred mineral resources that Ero reports are or will be economically under Canadian securities laws, estimates of "inferred mineral resources" may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies, except in rare cases. While the above terms under the U.S. Rules are "substantially similar" to the standards under NI 43-101 and CIM Standards, there are differences in the definitions under the U.S. Rules are "probable mineral resources", "probable mineral resources", "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources" and "inferred mineral resources" under NI 43-101 would be the same had Ero prepared the reserve or resource estimates under the standards adopted under the U.S. Rules.

Disclaimer

General

Scientific and technical information contained in this presentation has been reviewed, verified and approved by Mr. Cid Gonçalves Monteiro Filho, SME RM (04317974), MAIG (No. 8444), FAusIMM (No. 3219148), and Resource Manager of the Company, who is a "qualified person" within the meanings of NI 43-101.

Scientific and technical information contained in this presentation relating to the Company's mining operations located within the Curaçá Valley, northeastern Bahia State, Brazil (the "Caraíba Operations" and formerly known as the MCSA Mining Complex)), is derived from, and in some instances is a direct extract from, and based on the assumptions, qualifications and procedures set out in, the report prepared in accordance with NI 43-101, Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Reserves of the Caraíba Operations, Curaçá Valley, Bahia, Brazil", dated December 22, 2022 with an effective date of September 30, 2022, prepared by Porfirio Cabaleiro Rodrigues, FAIG, Bernardo Horta de Cerqueira Viana, FAIG, Fábio Valério Câmara Xavier, MAIG and Ednie Rafael Moreira de Carvalho Fernandes, MAIG all of GE21 Consultoria Mineral Ltda. ("GE21"), Dr. Beck Nader, FAIG of BNA Mining Solutions ("BNA") and Alejandro Sepulveda, Registered Member (#0293) (Chilean Mining Commission) of NCL Ingeniería y Construcción SpA ("NCL") (the "Caraíba Operations Technical Report"). Each of Porfirio Cabaleiro Rodrigues, FAIG, Bernardo Horta de Cerqueira Viana, FAIG, Fábio Valério Câmara Xavier, MAIG, Bernardo Fernandes, MAIG, Dr. Beck Nader, FAIG and Alejandro Sepulveda, Registered Member (#0293) (Chilean Mining Commission) is a "qualified person" and "independent" of the Company within the meanings of NI 43-101.

Scientific and technical information contained in this presentation relating to the Company's mining located approximately 18 km west of the town of Nova Xavantina, southeastern Mato Grosso State, Brazil (the "Xavantina Operations" or its former name, the "NX Gold Mine"), is derived from, and in some instances is a direct extract from, and based on the assumptions, qualifications and procedures set out in, the report prepared in accordance with NI 43-101 and entitled "Technical Report on the Xavantina Operations, Mato Grosso, Brazil", dated May 12, 2023 with an effective date of October 31, 2022, prepared by Porfirio Cabaleiro Rodrigues, FAIG, Leonardo de Moraes Soares, MAIG, and Guilherme Gomides Ferreira, MAIG, all of GE21 (the "Xavantina Operations Technical Report"). Each of Porfirio Cabaleiro Rodrigues, FAIG, Leonardo de Moraes Soares, MAIG, and Guilherme Gomides Ferreira, MAIG, is a "qualified person" and "independent" of the Company within the meanings of NI 43-101.

Scientific and technical information contained in this presentation relating to the Tucumã Project, which is located within southeastern Pará State, Brazil (referred to herein as the "Tucumã Project" or by its former name, the "Boa Esperança Project"), is derived from, and in some instances is a direct extract from, and based on the assumptions, qualifications and procedures set out in, the report prepared in accordance with NI 43-101 and entitled "Boa Esperança Project NI 4.0.1 (1.3) and English Project Prepared by Kevin Murray, P. Eng., Erin L. Patterson, P.E. and Scutt C. Elfen, P.E. all of Ausenco Engineering USA South Inc. in the case of Ms. Patterson) (collectively, "Ausenco"), Carlos Guzmán, FAusiMM RM CMC of NCL and Emerson Ricardo Re, MSc, MBA, MAUSIMM (CP) (No. 305892), Registered Member (No. 0138) (Chilean Mining Commission) and Resource Manager of the Company on the date of the report (now of HCM Consultoria Geologica Eireli ("HCM") (the "Tucumã Project Technical Report"). Each of Kevin Murray, P. Eng., Erin L. Patterson, P.E. and Scott C. Elfen, P.E., and Carlos Guzmán, FAusiMM RM CMC, is a "qualified person" and "independent" of the Company on the date of the report, within the meanings of NI 43-101.

Please see the AIF, the Caraíba Operations Technical Report, the Xavantina Operations Technical Report, and the Tucumã Project Technical Report, each filed on the Company's profile at www.secagov, for details regarding the data verification undertaken with respect to the scientific and technical information included in this presentation regarding the Caraíba Operations on the Xavantina Operations and the Tucumã Project, for additional details regarding the related exploration information, including interpretations, the QA/QC employed, sample, analytical and testing results and for additional details regarding the mineral resource and mineral resource estimates disclosed herein.

Where applicable, exploration target projection(s) are shown to demonstrate future area of exploration focus within the Company's operations. These projections are based on data compilation work which includes review of geological controls, structural analysis and copper mineralization identified during the Company's technical programs. The interpretation and boundary limits do not imply continuity of mineralization, or actual thickness of mineralization which has yet to be defined.

Third Party Information

This presentation includes market, industry and economic data which was obtained from various publicly available sources and other sources believed by the Company to be true. Although the Company believes it to be reliable, the Company has not independently verified any of the data from third party sources referred to in this presentation or analyzed or verified the underlying reports relied upon or referred to by such sources or ascertained the underlying accommon to the assumptions relied upon by such sources. The Company believes that its market, industry and economic data is accurate and that its estimates and assumptions are reasonable, but thereof. The accuracy and completeness of the market, industry and economic data used throughout this presentation are not guaranteed and the Company does not make any representation as to the accuracy or completeness of such assumptions.

Non-IFRS Measures

Financial results of the Company are prepared in accordance with IFRS. The Company utilizes certain alternative performance (non-IFRS) measures to monitor its performance, including C1 cash cost of copper produced (per ounce), ASIC of gold produced (per ounce), EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted net income attributable to owners of the Company, et (cash) debt, working capital and available liquidity, as more particularly described in the Company's MD&A for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, a copy of which can be found on the Company's MD&A for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, a copy of which can be found on the Company's website, on SEDAR+ and on EDGAR. The Company believes that these measures, together with measures determined in accordance with IFRS, provide investors with an improved ability to evaluate the underlying performance of the Company, the Caraíba Operations, the Xavantina Operations and the Tucumã Project. Non-IFRS measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed under IFRS, and therefore they may not be comparable to similar measures employed by other companies. The data is intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. C1 cash cost of copper produced per produced per produced with IFRS. C1 cash cost of copper produced per produced during the period. C1 cash cost of copper produced by the Company to manage and evaluate the operating performance of its copper mining segment and is calculated as C1 cash cost of volution, transportation, treatment and refining charges, and certain tax credits relating to sales invoiced to the Company's Brazilian customer on sales, net of by-produced during the period. C1 cash cost of copper produced per pound is widely reported in the mining industry as benchmarks for performance of its gold mining segment and is calculated as C1 cash cost of yellow produced (per ounce) is an extension of C1 cash cost of g

High-Margin, Growth-Oriented Clean Copper

Brazil-Focused Copper Producer

With Meaningful Gold Production

Significant Near-Term Growth

Doubling Copper Production by 2025

Attractive Long-Term Growth Pipeline

Leveraging Exploration and Development Culture

Strong Balance Sheet

Well-Positioned to Fund Growth

Leading Position in Clean Copper Movement

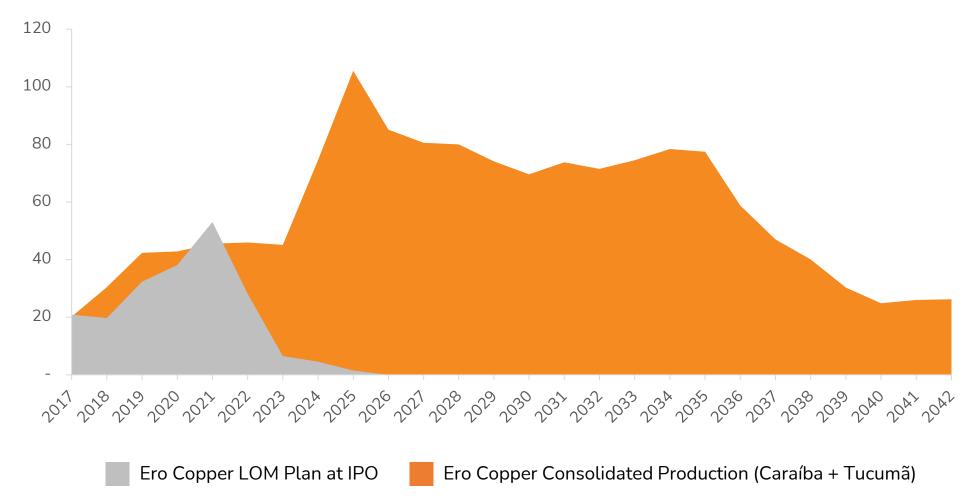
Supported by Brazil's Clean Energy Matrix



Track Record of Delivering Growth

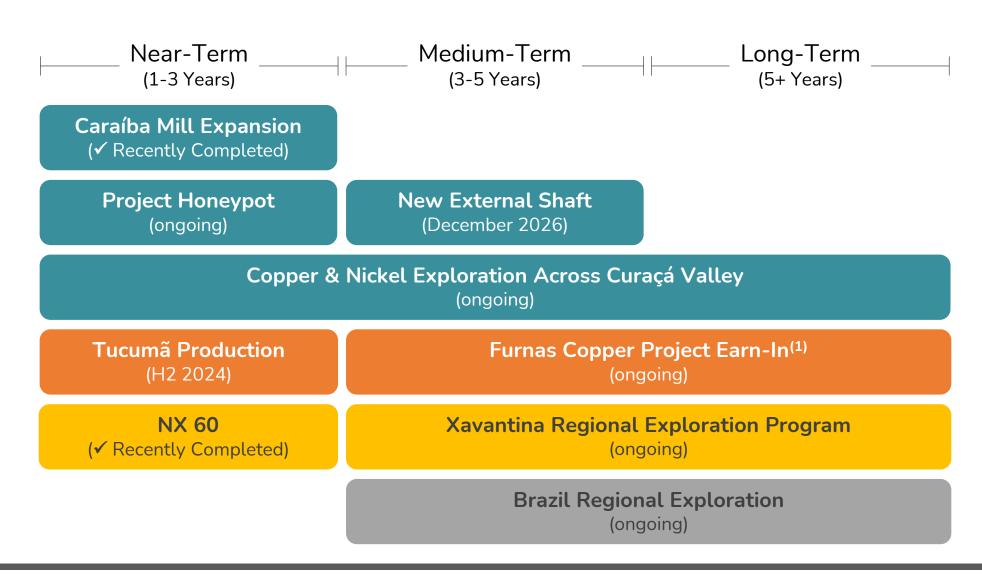
The Company's consolidated mine life now extends to 2042 with production bolstered by the success of Project Honeypot

Copper Production (000s of tonnes)



Growth Strategy Gaining Momentum

The Company recently expanded its growth portfolio with plans to earn a 60% interest in Vale Base Metals' Furnas Copper Project⁽¹⁾

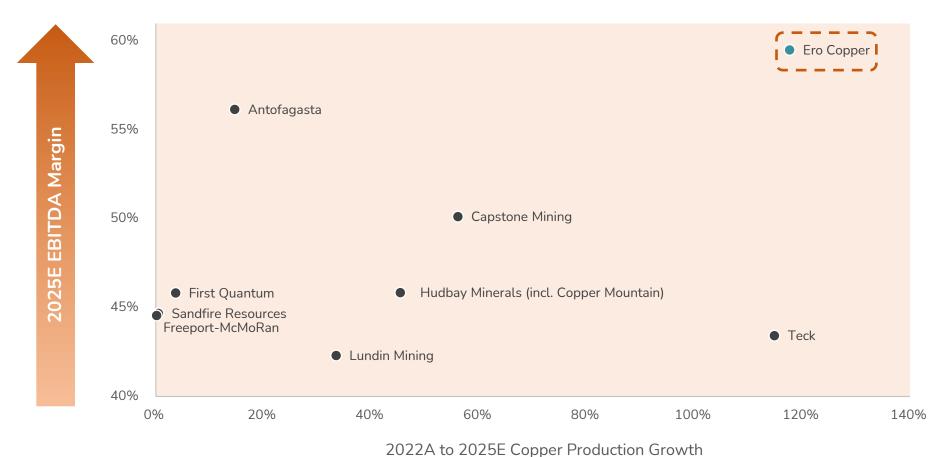


Note: Estimated completion dates included in parentheses based on project timelines as of November 2023.

Poised for Significant EBITDA Expansion

Ero is well-positioned due to the expected near-term production from Tucumã and its associated EBITDA contribution

Copper Production Growth & EBITDA Margin



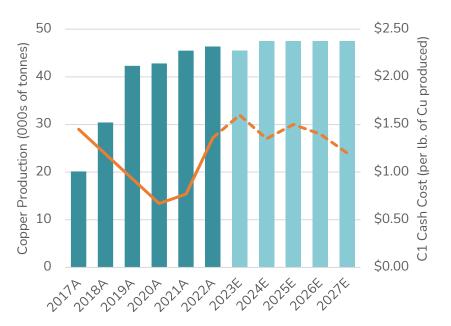
Source: Consensus estimates from FactSet as of January 11, 2024.

Caraíba: High-Margin Flagship Copper Operation

Asset Overview

- High-grade, low-cost copper operation
 - Located in Bahia State 90 km SE of Petrolina
 - Fully integrated mining and processing complex with 40+ year operating history
 - Two underground mines: Pilar and Vermelhos
 - One open pit mine: Surubim
- Current mine life of 20 years

Production and Cost Profile(1)





Growth Catalysts

- Pilar 3.0
 - Creation of a two-mine system at the Pilar Mine
 - Expected to drive significant growth in total ore production
- Project Honeypot
 - Initiative to recover high-grade stopes in the upper levels of the Pilar Mine left behind by previous operators
 - Drove significant increases to mineral reserves & resources and mine life in late 2022
- Exploration / Plant Capacity
 - Significant investment in copper and nickel exploration
 - Additional excess plant capacity of 1.3Mtpa, equivalent to an incremental ~18kt of annual copper production potential⁽²⁾
- 1. Production and cash cost estimates based on midpoint of updated 2023 guidance provided in November 2023 using a 5.00 FX rate; 2024+ estimates based on midpoint of guidance ranges for 2027-2027 included in the Company's presentation dated April 5, 2023.
- 2. Based on original plant capacity of approximately 5.5Mtpa and assuming 2023 guidance copper grade of 1.50% and recovery rate of 91.5%.

Caraíba: Pilar Deepening External Shaft Update

Investing in the Future of Pilar

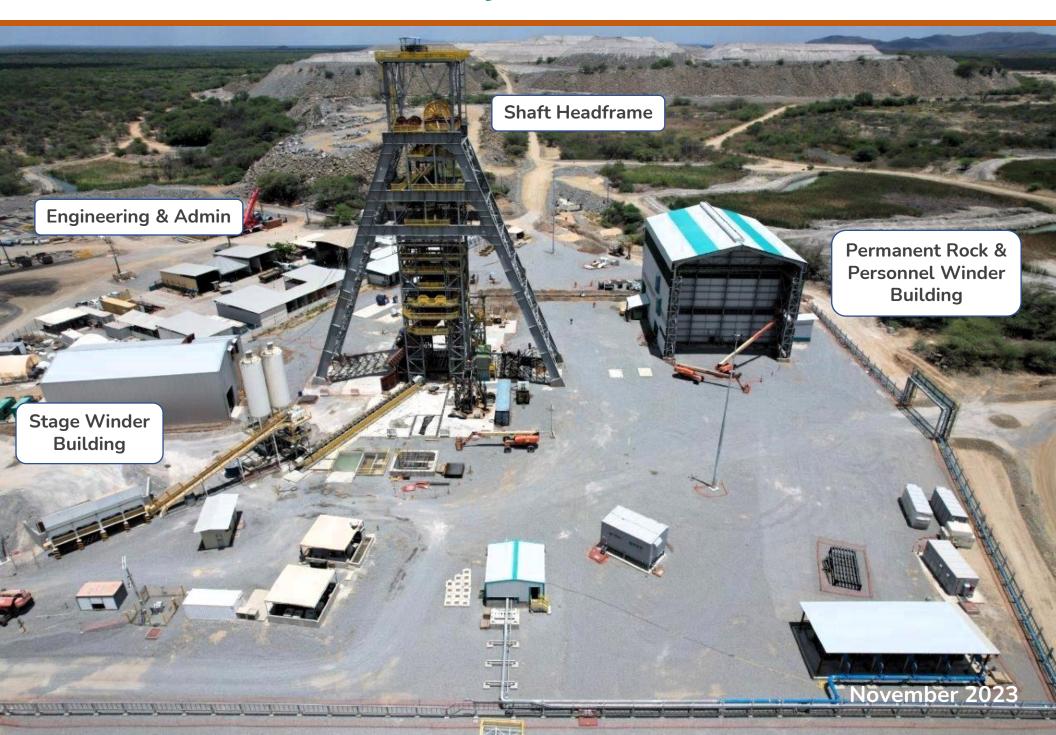
- Expected to be operational Q4 2026
- Headframe erection, stage winder installation and several key underground infrastructure installations completed during Q3 2023
- Main shaft sinking commenced in December 2023
- Detailed engineering ~90% complete
- Total project completion at ~30%
- Approximately 80% of capital is secured or in final negotiation - within 5% of budget

Completed Headframe



Note: Estimated timelines and completion percentages are as of September 30, 2023. Image of headframe from November 2023.

New External Shaft Project Site



Tucumã: High-Return Copper Development Project

Asset Overview

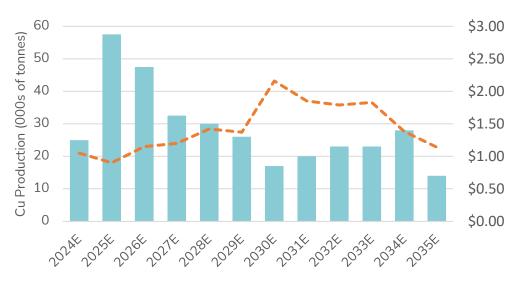
- Low capital-intensity open pit copper project with attractive operating margins
 - Located in Pará State, ~40 km SW of Tucumã
 - First production forecast in H2 2024
- Significant growth potential
 - Cornerstone position in western Carajás
 - Robust exploration program

Strong Construction Progress

- ~85% physical completion as of January 2024
- Tie-in to national power grid completed; site to be fully energized in mid-January 2024
- Pre-stripping activities ~10% ahead of schedule with completion now expected at the end of Q1 2024
- Direct project capital estimate updated to ~\$310 million (vs. \$305 million previously) due to the strength of the BRL against the USD²
 - Remaining construction expenditures hedged at a weighted average floor and ceiling of 5.10 and 5.23 BRL per USD



Production and Cost Profile(1)



^{1.} Production and cash cost estimates for 2024-2027 based on midpoint of guidance included in the Company's press release dated Apr. 5, 2023. Production and cash cost estimates for 2028+ based on the Tucumã Project's Optimized Feasibility Study as described in the Company's press release dated Sept. 28, 2021.

Advanced Pre-Stripping Activities



Flotation Cells and Tailings Thickener



Primary and Secondary Crushing Area



Completed Power Substation

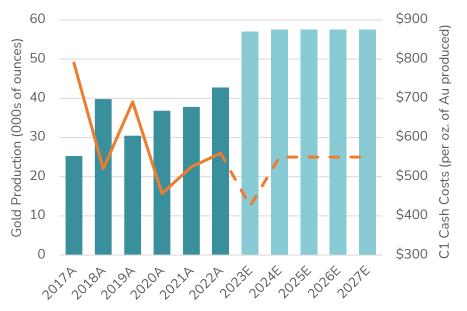


Xavantina: High-Grade, Low-Cost Gold Operation

Asset Overview

- High-grade, high-margin underground gold mine and processing facility
 - Located in Mato Grosso State, approximately 18km NW of Nova Xavantina
 - Amongst the highest-grade gold mines in South America
- Current mine life of 6 years (increased from no mine life upon acquisition in 2016)

Production and Cost Profile(1)





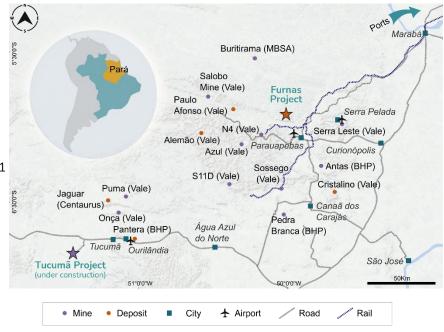
Growth Catalysts

- NX 60
 - Initiative to achieve annual gold production of 60koz
 - Horizontal development into Matinha Vein completed in Q2 2023; first production achieved in Q3 2023
- Exploration / Plant Capacity
 - Testing extensions of known veins and targeting new vein discoveries with regional exploration program
 - ~25% of excess mill capacity, equivalent to ~21koz of annual gold production potential⁽²⁾
- 1. Production and cash cost estimates based on midpoint of updated 2023 guidance provided in November 2023 using a 5.00 FX rate; 2024+ estimates based on midpoint of guidance ranges for 2027-2027 included in the Company's presentation dated April 5, 2023.
- 2. Based on total plant capacity of approx. 300ktpa less peak projected capacity utilization of 230kt in 2024 and 2025; assumes 2023 guidance gold grade of 10.00gpt and recovery rate of 92.0%.

Furnas: Large, Highly Prospective IOCG Project

Binding Term Sheet with Vale Base Metals (VBM) for a 60% interest in Furnas

- The Furnas Copper project is located in the Carajás Mineral Province (Pará, Brazil), ~50 km southeast of VBM's
 Salobo operations and ~190 km northeast of the Tucumã Project
- Covering an area of ~2,400 hectares, Furnas sits within ~15 km of extensive regional infrastructure, including paved roads, an industrial-scale cement plant, a power substation and Vale's railroad loadout facility
- To earn a 60% interest in Furnas, Ero will fund three phases of work (defined below) over a 5-year earn-in period¹
- Ero will grant VBM a free-carry on certain capital expenditures related to project development:
 - Initial 11% free-carry, funding 71% of the first \$1.0 billion
 - If applicable, a subsequent 5.5% free-carry, funding 65.5% of the next \$1.0 billion
 - If applicable, both parties will fund their pro rata share of capex beyond \$2.0 billion



Three Phases

18 Months
Minimum 28,000 m of
exploration drilling
+ scoping study

18 Months

Minimum 17,000 m of exploration drilling
+ pre-feasibility study

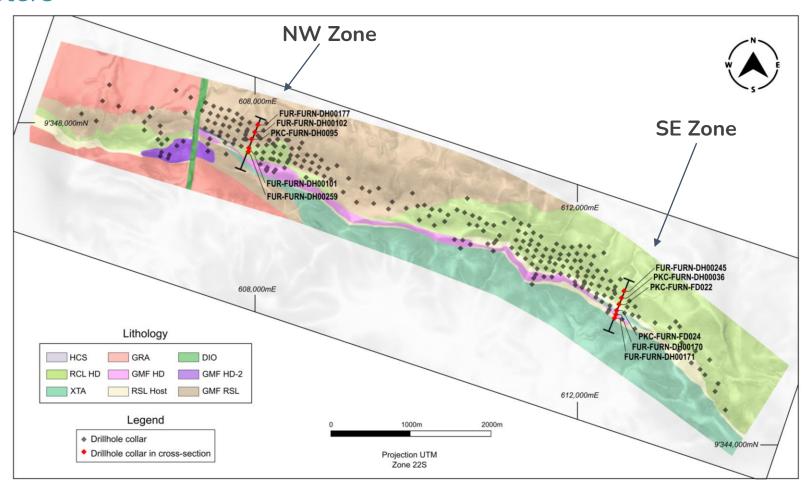
24 Months

Minimum 45,000² m of exploration drilling + definitive feasibility study

- The 5-year earn-in period will start once we negotiate and execute the definitive earn-in agreement
- 2. Unless otherwise mutually agreed

Furnas: Geology and Plan Map

Exploration and development efforts will focus on two discrete highgrade zones identified within the overall mineralized body, known as the SE and NW Zones, that extend over a combined strike length of ~5 kilometers



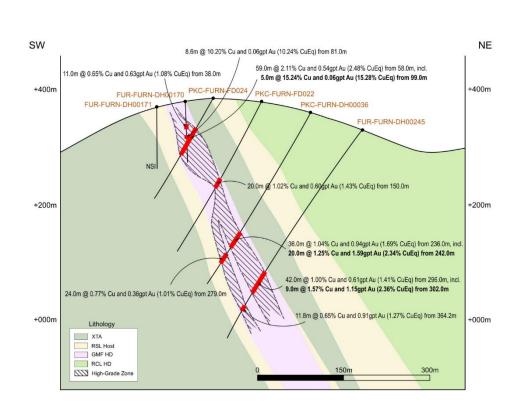
Furnas: NW & SE Zone Cross Sections

Known high-grade mineralization ranges between ~20 to 60 meters in thickness and has been drilled to a vertical depth from surface of ~300 meters

NW Zone Cross-Section

NE SW 19.6m @ 0.68% Cu and 1.20gpt Au (1.51% CuEg) from 95.0m, incl. 7.0m @ 0.84% Cu and 2.10gpt Au (2.28% CuEq) from 103.0m 51.1m @ 0.95% Cu and 0.60gpt Au (1.36% CuEq) from 108.2m, incl. 27.3m @ 1.32% Cu and 0.89gpt Au (1.93% CuEq) from 128.9m UR-FURN-DH00259 +400m +400m PKC-FURN-DH00095 FUR-FURN-DH00102 JRN-DH00177 +200m +200m 15.0m @ 0.96% Cu and 0.11gpt Au (1.04% CuEg) from 182.0m, incl. 5.0m @ 2/10% Cu and 0.20gpt Au (2.24% CuEq) from 189.0m 32.0m @ 1.22% Cu and 0.64gpy Au (1.67% CuEq) from 293.5m, incl. 40.0m @ 0.55% Cu and 0.64gpt Au (0.99% CuEq) from 258.0m 14.0m @ 1.98% Cu and 0,68gpt Au (2.45% CuEq) from 297.4m +000m +000m Lithology RSL Host HCS 54.9m @ 0.88% Cu and 0.63gpt Au (1.28% CuEq) from 381.1m, incl. GMF RSL 12,9m @ 1.28% Cu and 0.63gpt Au (1.72% CuEq) from 381.1m GRA 150m 300m High-Grade Zone -200m

SE Zone Cross-Section



Please refer to the press release dated October 30, 2023 for additional details.

^{2.} CuEq = Cu + Cu + (Au x 0.687) based on long-term copper and gold prices of \$3.50 per pound and \$1,650 per ounce, respectively. No adjustment for metallurgical recoveries has been made when calculating CuEq.

Caraíba: Emerging Nickel Sulphide District

District scale potential close to existing infrastructure

- ~20km from the Caraíba processing plant
- Textures range from disseminated (<10% sulphides) to massive (60-80% sulphides) containing up to 7.09% Ni (7.61% NiEq¹)
- Mineralization outcrops at surface and has been traced to a depth of ~450 meters
- Mineralization remains open to depth, between zones and to north
- Initial metallurgical testwork demonstrates excellent rougher recoveries ranging from 77% to 91% across a range of grind sizes
- Majority of nickel contained within sulphide minerals – amenable to conventional flotation process

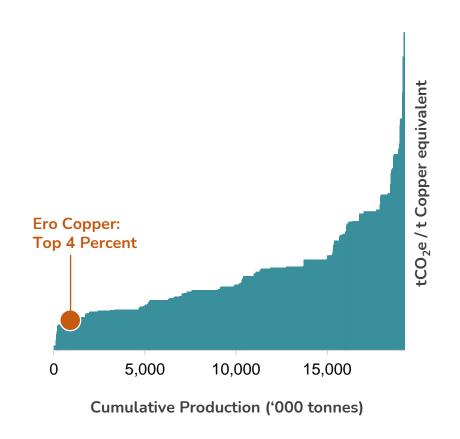
 $[\]sim$ 5km 1000m Undifferentiated Nickel in soils above 90 percentile Gneiss 1 mafic or ultramafic Mapped Ultramafic Copper in soils above 90 percentile ★★ Overturned synform geophysical lineament

^{1.} NiEq = Ni + (Cu x \$3.50/\$9.80) + (Co x \$25.50/\$9.80). No adjustment for metallurgical recoveries has been made when calculating NiEq.

Leading the Clean Copper Movement

Brazil's global leadership in the use of renewable energy affords Ero a unique competitive advantage as being one of the world's cleanest copper producers

GHG Copper Intensity Curve¹ - 2022



ESG Ratings



"A" ranking with performance in top 26% of subindustry

Steady improvement in rating over the past 2 years

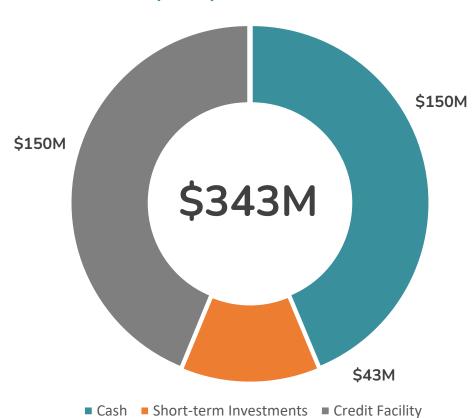


Rank in the top 10% of Diversified Metals & Mining subindustry

Balance Sheet Well-Positioned to Fund Growth

Strong balance sheet reinforced by expansion of foreign exchange hedge program to cover a significant portion of operating costs and capital expenditures through the end of 2024

Pro Forma Liquidity Position



Pro Forma Liquidity & Credit Metrics (\$M)

Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$150
Short-Term Investments	\$43
Credit Facility Utilization	
Total Commitments	\$150
(-) Current Borrowings	-
Credit Facility Availability	\$150
Total Liquidity	\$343
Total Debt	\$423
Net Debt	\$230
LTM EBITDA	\$186
Total Debt Leverage Ratio	2.3x
Net Debt Leverage Ratio	1.2x

Note: Pro forma liquidity and leverage metrics based on September 30, 2023 balance sheet, adjusted for net proceeds of approximately \$105M from November 2023 equity financing. Figures may not sum due to rounding.

Business Summary

- 1 High-Margin, Brazil-Focused Copper Producer
- 2 Significant Near-Term Production Growth
- 3 Attractive Long-Term Growth Pipeline
- 4 Strong Balance Sheet Well-Positioned to Fund Growth
- **5** Leading Position in Clean Copper Movement

Appendix

2023 Guidance

	Caraíba	Tucumã	Xavantina
Production	44 - 47 kt Cu	Construction Phase	55 - 59 koz Au
	porating Costs \$1.50 - \$1.70 / lb Construction Phase		\$375 - \$475 / oz Au C1 Cash Cost
Operating Costs	Cu C1 Cash Cost	Construction Phase	\$900 - \$1,000 / oz Au All-In Sustaining Cost
Capital Expenditures (Excluding Exploration)	\$170 - \$195 M	\$175 - \$191 M	\$17 - \$20 M
Exploration	\$23 - \$29 M	\$0 - \$1 M	\$7 - \$8 M

Note: Cash cost, AISC and capex guidance assume a USD:BRL foreign exchange rate of 5.00. Cost guidance assumes gold and silver prices averaging approximately \$1,725 per ounce and \$20.00 per ounce, respectively, over the projection period. Above table excludes corporate-level exploration project guidance of \$5 to \$7 million.

Strong Track Record of Project Execution

The Company has a track record of executing on growth projects across its operations

Caraíba Operations

4 Caraíba projects represent over US\$100M in successful execution

Vermelhos Mine Construction

Completed on time and on budget

15MW Pilar Cooling Installation

- Completed on time and on budget
- ✓ Achieve temperatures below 27°C in mine

Caraíba HIG Mill Installation

- ✓ Completed on time and on budget
- ✓ 5%-6% mill recovery improvement

Surubim Underground Mine Construction

Completed on time and on budget

Xavantina Operations

Santo Antônio Development

✓ Completed on time and on budget

Paste Fill Plant

- ✓ Completed on time and on budget
- Enables transition to higher recovery cut and fill mining method

Matinha Development

Completed on time and on budget

Caraíba: Project Honeypot

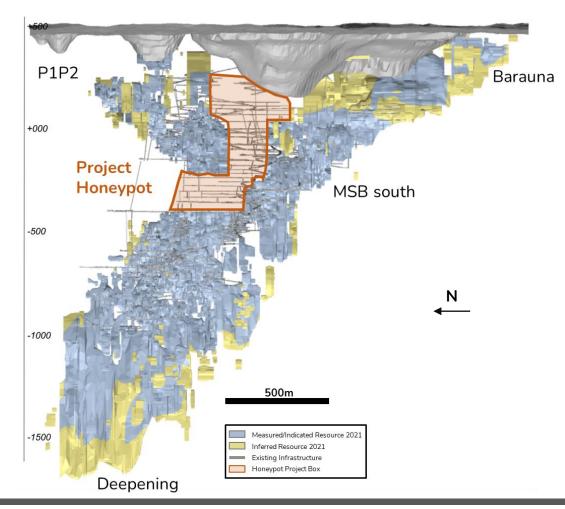
Success of Project Honeypot demonstrated by addition of 8.1 Mt of ore grading 1.59% copper¹

Project Honeypot Overview

- Focused on recovery of high-grade material left behind by previous operators
- Conservative dilution (32%) and recovery assumptions applied in Honeypot stope designs
- Supported by recent upgrades to paste fill plant
- Driver of 2022 copper grade outperformance (1.76% actual vs. 1.60% guidance grade)

Significantly enhances operating flexibility

Pilar Mine, Long-Section View (looking east)

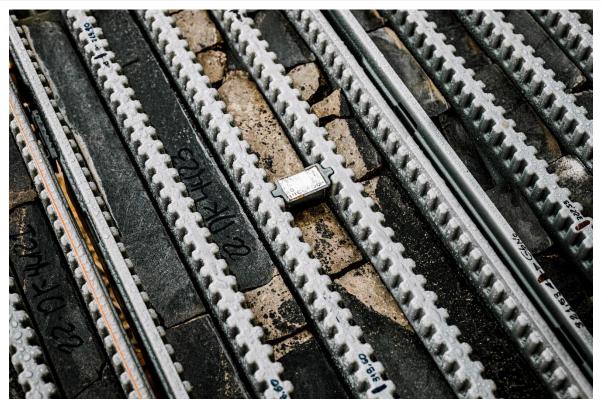


Caraíba: Nickel Sulphide Discovery

Select Drill Highlights

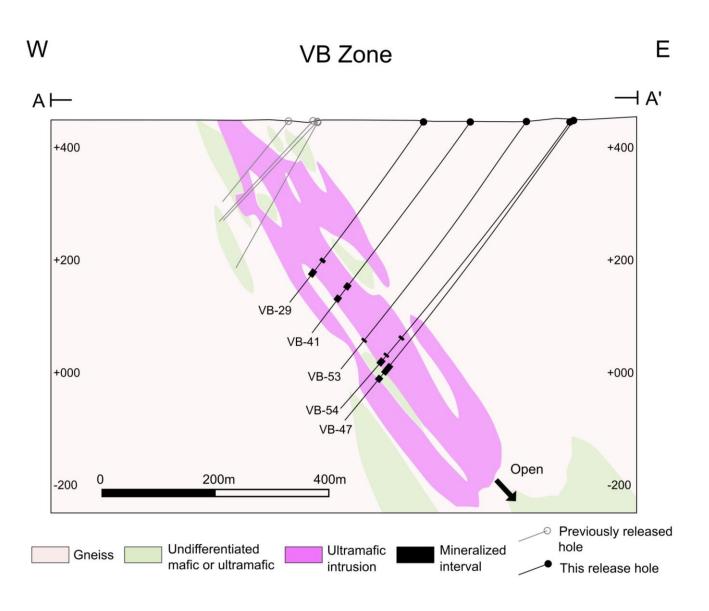
- VB Zone VB-17: 16.5 meters at 1.22% Ni, 0.17% Cu and 0.03% Co (1.37% NiEq), including 3.8 meters at 3.60% Ni, 0.22% Cu and 0.09% Co (3.92% NiEq)
 - Interval includes 1.5 meters of massive-sulphide textures (~80% sulphides) grading 6.59% Ni, 0.26% Cu and 0.17% Co (7.11% NiEq)
- LZ Zone LZ-03: 24.1 meters at 0.81% Ni, 0.18% Cu and 0.04% Co (0.97% NiEq), including 13.0 meters at 1.11% Ni, 0.25% Cu and 0.05% Co (1.33% NiEq)





Note: Please refer to the presentation dated September 29, 2022 for additional details. Above figures depict drill core from the deepest intercept to date in the VB Zone (hole VB-25 at \sim 319 meters) highlighting loop textured pentlandite (left) and high-grade massive sulphide intervals within the zone (right). NiEq = Ni + (Cu x \$3.50/\$9.80) + (Co x \$25.50/\$9.80). No adjustment for metallurgical recoveries has been made when calculating NiEq.

VB Zone: East-West Composite Section

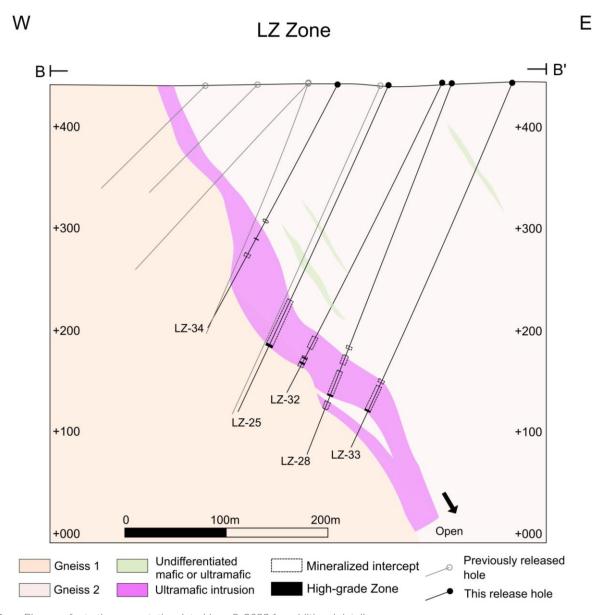


Highlight Intercepts

- VB-41: 11.2 meters at 1.86%
 Ni, 0.26% Cu and 0.05% Co (2.08% NiEq), including 5.0 meters at 3.71% Ni, 0.13%
 Cu and 0.09% Co (4.00% NiEq)
 - Interval includes 1.9
 meters of massivesulphide textures grading
 7.09% Ni, 0.18% Cu and
 0.18% Co (7.61% NiEq)
- VB-47: 20.7 meters at 0.39%
 Ni, 0.15% Cu, 0.01% Co
 (0.47% NiEq), including 8.1
 meters at 0.56% Ni, 0.11%
 Cu, 0.01% Co (0.63% NiEq)

- 1. Please refer to the presentation dated June 8, 2023 for additional details.
- 2. NiEq = Ni + ($Cu \times $3.50/$9.80$) + ($Co \times $25.50/$9.80$). No adjustment for metallurgical recoveries has been made when calculating NiEq.

LZ Zone: East-West Composite Section



Highlight Intercepts

- LZ-25: 46.1 meters at 0.20% Ni, 0.04% Cu and 0.03% Co (0.28% NiEq), including 2.6 meters at 0.75% Ni, 0.18% Cu and 0.06% Co (0.96% NiEq)
- LZ-32: 11.3 meters at 0.43% Ni, 0.10% Cu and 0.02% Co (0.51% NiEq), including 7.0 meters at 0.61% Ni, 0.14% Cu and 0.03% Co (0.73% NiEq)

^{1.} Please refer to the presentation dated June 8, 2023 for additional details.

^{2.} NiEq = Ni + (Cu x \$3.50/\$9.80) + (Co x \$25.50/\$9.80). No adjustment for metallurgical recoveries has been made when calculating NiEq.

Caraíba Operations Reserves & Resources

	Tonnes (kt)	Grade (Cu %)	Contained Cu (kt)
Project Honeypot Areas, Pilar Mine			
Proven Reserves	2,595	1.66	43.1
Probable Reserves	5,551	1.56	86.6
Proven & Probable Reserves	8,146	1.59	129.7
Measured Resources	3,229	1.86	60.0
Indicated Resources	6,459	1.88	121.3
Measured & Indicated Resources	9,687	1.87	181.3
Inferred Resources	896	1.07	9.6
Total Pilar Mine, Including Project Honeypot Area	S		
Proven Reserves	15,092	1.26	190.3
Probable Reserves	19,870	1.56	309.4
Proven & Probable Reserves	34,962	1.43	499.7
Measured Resources	29,806	1.38	412.4
Indicated Resources	23,947	1.73	413.3
Measured & Indicated Resources	53,753	1.54	825.8
Inferred Resources	16,993	1.42	241.3

Note: Mineral resources shown inclusive of mineral reserves. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. Please refer to Additional Information section of this presentation for relevant technical and scientific information.

Caraíba Operations Reserves & Resources

	Tonnes (kt)	Grade (Cu %)	Contained Cu (kt)
Underground Caraíba Operations			
Proven Reserves	17,336	1.30	225.6
Probable Reserves	22,125	1.51	333.1
Proven & Probable Reserves	39,461	1.42	558.7
Measured Resources	34,224	1.44	493.2
Indicated Resources	35,389	1.48	524.8
Measured & Indicated Resources	69,613	1.46	1,018.0
Inferred Resources	35,888	1.15	411.4
Open Pit Caraíba Operations			
Proven Reserves	19,148	0.55	105.5
Probable Reserves	24,158	0.53	128.4
Proven & Probable Reserves	43,306	0.54	233.9
Measured Resources	20,803	0.62	128.7
Indicated Resources	27,486	0.56	154.1
Measured & Indicated Resources	48,289	0.59	282.8
Inferred Resources	11,513	0.62	71.4
Total Caraíba Operations			
Proven Reserves	36,484	0.91	331.1
Probable Reserves	46,283	1.00	461.5
Proven & Probable Reserves	82,767	0.96	792.6
Measured Resources	55,027	1.13	621.9
Indicated Resources	62,875	1.08	678.9
Measured & Indicated Resources	117,901	1.10	1,300.8
Inferred Resources	47,400	1.02	482.8

Xavantina Operations Reserves & Resources

	Tonnes (kt)	Grade (gpt Au)	Contained Au (koz)
Reserves			_
Proven, Santo Antônio Vein	301	10.89	105.4
Probable, Santo Antônio Vein	799	8.32	213.6
Probable, Matinha Vein	213	6.24	42.6
Total Proven and Probable Reserves	1,313	8.57	361.6
Indicated Resources (Inclusive of Reserves)			
Measured, Santo Antônio Vein	246	13.35	105.8
Indicated, Santo Antônio Vein	826	10.41	276.5
Indicated, Matinha Vein	186	8.92	53.3
Indicated, Brás & Buração Veins	7	3.36	0.7
Total Indicated Resources	1,265	10.73	436.4
Inferred Resources			
Inferred, Santo Antônio Vein	77	9.29	23.0
Inferred, Matinha Vein	207	11.03	73.5
Inferred, Brás Vein	149	4.81	23.1
Inferred, Buração Vein	8	2.77	0.7
Total Inferred Resources	441	8.48	120.2

Note: Mineral resources shown inclusive of mineral reserves. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. Please refer to Additional Information section of this presentation for relevant technical and scientific information.

Tucumã Project Reserves & Resources

	Tonnes (kt)	Grade (Cu %)	Contained Cu (kt)
Reserves			
Proven Reserves	30,674	0.89	273.2
Probable Reserves	12,378	0.67	83.4
Proven & Probable Reserves	43,052	0.83	356.6
Mineral Resources (Pit Constrained, Incl. Reserves)			
Measured Resources (High-Grade)	7,117	2.16	153.6
Indicated Resources (High-Grade)	1,661	2.27	37.6
Measured & Indicated Resources (High-Grade)	8,778	2.18	191.3
Measured Resources (Low-Grade)	25,476	0.60	152.0
Indicated Resources (Low-Grade)	13,433	0.51	68.4
Measured & Indicated Resources (Low-Grade)	38,909	0.57	220.4
Total Measured & Indicated Resources	47,687	0.86	411.7
Inferred Resources			
Inferred (Pit Constrained, High-Grade)	40	2.69	1.1
Inferred (Pit Constrained, Low-Grade)	514	0.49	2.5
Inferred (Pit Constrained)	555	0.65	3.6
Inferred (Unconstrained High-Grade Outside Pit Limits)	1,354	2.24	30.4
Inferred (Unconstrained Low-Grade Outside Pit Limits)	9,681	0.60	58.2
Inferred (Unconstrained Mineralization Outside Pit Limits)	11,035	0.80	88.6
Total Inferred Resources	11,590	0.80	92.2

Note: Mineral reserves and resources as outlined in the Tucumã Project Technical Report. Mineral resources shown inclusive of mineral reserves. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. Please refer to Additional Information section of this presentation for relevant technical and scientific information.

Additional Information

Caraíba Operations Mineral Reserves Notes:

- 1. Effective Date of September 30, 2022.
- 2. Mineral reserves included within stated mineral resources. All figures have been rounded to reflect the relative accuracy of the estimates. Summed amounts may not add due to rounding.
- 3. The mineral reserve estimates are prepared in accordance with the CIM Definition Standards for mineral resources and mineral reserves, adopted by the CIM Council on May 10, 2014 (the "CIM Standards"), and the CIM Estimation of mineral resources and mineral reserves Best Practice Guidelines, using geostatistical and/or classical methods, plus economic and mining parameters appropriate for the deposit. Mineral reserves are based on a long-term copper price of US\$3.30 per pound ("lb"), and a USD:BRL foreign exchange rate of 5.29. Mineral reserves are the economic portion of the measured and indicated mineral resources. Mining dilution and recovery factors vary for specific reserve sources and are influenced by factors such as deposit type, deposit shape, stope orientation and selected mining method.
- 4. In the mine design of the Pilar and Vermelhos underground mines, certain stopes include measured and indicated as well as inferred resource blocks. In these instances, inferred resource blocks within the defined mining shape were assigned zero grade. In 2021, inferred blocks assigned zero grade totaled approximately 188,000 tonnes for the Deepening Extension Zone, 234,000 tonnes for the Pilar Underground Mine and approximately 27,000 tonnes for the Vermelhos Underground Mine. Development occurring within marginal ore, above the operational cut-off grade, has also been included in the mineral reserve estimate. Dilution occurring from measured and indicated resource blocks was assigned grade based upon the mineral resource grade of the blocks included in the dilution envelope.

Caraíba Operations Mineral Resources Notes:

- 1. Effective Date of September 30, 2022.
- 2. Mineral resources have been constrained within newly developed 3D lithology models applying a 0.45% and 0.20% copper grade envelope for high and marginal grade, respectively. Within these envelopes, mineral resources for underground deposits are constrained using varying stope dimensions of up to 20m by 10m by 35m applying a 0.51% copper cut-off grade, as well as a 0.32% copper marginal cut-off grade for underground deposits.
- 3. Underground mineral resource estimates have been constrained within newly developed 3D lithology models applying a 0.45% and 0.20% copper grade envelope for high and marginal grade, respectively. Within these envelopes, mineral resources for underground deposits were constrained using varying stope dimensions of up to 20m by 10m by 35m applying a 0.51% copper cut-off grade, as well as a 0.34% copper marginal (or operational) cut-off grade. Mineral resources have been estimated using ordinary kriging inside 5m by 5m by 5m block sizes. The mineral resource estimates were prepared in accordance with the CIM Standards, and the CIM Guidelines, using geostatistical and/or classical methods, plus economic and mining parameters appropriate to the deposit.
- 4. Open pit mineral resources have been constrained within newly developed 3D lithology models using a 0.16% copper cut-off grade for deposits. Mineral resources have been estimated using ordinary kriging inside 5m by 5m by 5m block sizes. The mineral resource estimates were prepared in accordance with the CIM Standards, and the CIM Guidelines, using geostatistical and/or classical methods, plus economic and mining parameters appropriate to the deposit.

Xavantina Operations Mineral Reserves Notes:

- 1. Effective Date of October 31, 2022.
- 2. Mineral reserves included within stated mineral resources. All figures have been rounded to the relative accuracy of the estimates. Summed amounts may not add due to rounding.
- 3. The mineral reserve estimates are prepared in accordance with the CIM Standards and the CIM Guidelines, using geostatistical and/or classical methods, plus economic and mining parameters appropriate for the deposit. Mineral reserves are the economic portion of the measured and indicated mineral resources. Mineral reserve estimates include operational dilution of 17.4% plus planned dilution of approximately 8.5% within each stope for room-and-pillar mining areas and operational dilution of 3.2% plus planned dilution of 21.2% for cut-and-fill mining areas. Mining recovery of 92.5% and 94.7% assumed for room-and-pillar and cut-and-fill areas, respectively. Practical mining shapes (wireframes) were designed using geological wireframes / mineral resource block models as a guide.

Xavantina Operations Mineral Resources Notes:

- 1. Effective Date of October 31, 2022.
- 2. Presented mineral resources inclusive of mineral reserves. Indicated mineral resource totals are undiluted. All figures have been rounded to the relative accuracy of the estimates. Summed amounts may not add due to rounding.
- 3. Mineral resources are estimated using ordinary kriging within 10 meter by 10 meter by 2 meter block size, with a minimum sub-block size of 1.0 meter by 1.0 meter by 0.5 meter.
- 4. Mineral resource are constrained using a minimum stope dimension of 2.0 meters by 2.0 meters by 1.5 meters, a cut-off of 1.20 gpt based on underground mining and processing costs of US\$72 per tonne and a gold price of US\$1,900 per ounce.
- 5. The mineral resource estimates are prepared in accordance with the CIM Standards and the CIM Guidelines, using geostatistical and/or classical methods, plus economic and mining parameters appropriate for the deposit.

Additional Information (cont.)

Tucumã Project Mineral Reserves Notes:

- 1. Effective Date of August 31, 2021.
- 2. Stated mineral resources are inclusive of mineral reserves. All figures have been rounded to the relative accuracy of the estimates. Summed amounts may not add due to rounding. High-grade and low-grade mineral resources defined as greater than or equal to 1.00% copper and less than 1.00% copper, respectively.
- 3. A 3D geologic model was developed for the Tucumã Project. Geologically constrained copper grade shells are developed using a copper cut-off grade of 0.20% and 0.51% for pit constrained and unconstrained mineral resources, respectively, to generate a 3D mineralization model of the Tucumã Project. Within grade shells, mineral resources are estimated using ordinary kriging within a 2.0 meter by 2.0 meter by 4.0 meter block size. Open pit constrained, unconstrained and marginal cut-off grades are based upon a copper price of US\$6,400 per tonne with cost parameters appropriate to the deposit. The mineral resource estimates are prepared in accordance with the CIM Standards and the CIM Guidelines, using geostatistical and/or classical methods, plus economic and mining parameters appropriate to the deposit.
- 4. Mineral reserve estimates are prepared in accordance with the CIM Standards and the CIM Guidelines, using geostatistical and/or classical methods, plus economic and mining parameters appropriate for the deposit. Mineral reserves are based on a long-term copper price of US\$6,613 per tonne; concentrate grade of 27% copper; average metallurgical recoveries of 91.3%; copper concentrate logistics costs of US\$108.20 per wet metric tonne ("wmt"); transport losses of 0.2%; copper concentrate treatment charges of US\$59.50 per dry metric tonne ("dmt"), refining charges of U\$0.0595 per pound of copper; copper payability of 96.3%; average mining cost of US\$2.47 per tonne mined; processing cost of US\$7.74 per tonne processed and G&A costs of US\$3.83 per tonne processed; average pit slope angles that range from 30° for saprolite to 50° for fresh rock and a 2% CFEM government royalty.
- 5. Mineral reserves are classified according to the CIM Standards and the CIM Guidelines by Mr. Carlos Guzman, RM CMC (0119) and FAusIMM (229036), and an independent qualified person as such term is defined under NI 43-101. NCL is independent of the Company. Please refer to the Tucumã Project Technical Report for additional technical information.

Tucumã Project Mineral Resources Notes:

- 1. Effective Date of August 31, 2021.
- 2. Presented Mineral Resources inclusive of Mineral Reserves. Summed amounts may not add due to rounding. High-grade and low-grade mineral resources defined as greater than or equal to 1.00% copper and less than 1.00% copper, respectively.
- 3. A 3D geologic model was developed for the Project. Geologically constrained grade shells were developed using various copper cut-off grades to generate a 3D mineralization model of the Project. Within the grade shells, mineral resources were estimated using ordinary kriging within a 2.0 meter by 2.0 meter by 4.0 meter block size. Within the optimized resource open pit limits, a cut-off grade of 0.20% copper was applied based upon a copper price of US\$6,400 per tonne, net smelter return ("NSR") of 94.53%, average metallurgical recoveries of 90.7%, mining recovery of 95.0%, dilution of 5.0%, mining costs of US\$3.10 per tonne mined run of mine ("ROM"), processing and transportation costs of US\$5.65 per tonne ROM, and G&A costs of US\$2.66 per tonne ROM. Unconstrained inferred mineral resources have been stated at a cut-off grade of 0.51% copper with a marginal cut-off grade of 0.32% copper based upon a copper price of US\$6,400 per tonne, NSR of 94.53%, mining recovery of 100%, average metallurgical recoveries of 90.7%, mining costs of US\$14.71 per tonne ROM, processing and transportation costs of US\$5.70 per tonne ROM, and G&A costs of US\$2.60 per tonne ROM.
- 4. Block model tonnage and grade estimates for the Project were classified according to the CIM Standards and the CIM Guidelines by Mr. Emerson Ricardo Re, RM CMC (0138) and MAusIMM (CP) (305892), an employee of the Company on the date of the report (now of HCM) and a qualified person as such term is defined under NI 43-101. Please refer to the Tucumã Project Technical Report for additional technical information.



1050-625 Howe St, Vancouver, BC, V6C 2T6 www.erocopper.com

Courtney Lynn

SVP, Corp. Development, Investor Relations & Sustainability +1.604.335.7504 info@erocopper.com